2018 Wisconsin Weed Science Research Report



Cropping Systems Weed Science

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

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The purpose of this report is to share annual research results with crop production clientele of Wisconsin. Information herein does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement of any particular product or practice. Information herein also does not replace any information presented on pesticide labels. More complete product use guidelines are given through the University of Wisconsin Extension publication:

A3646, Pest Management in Wisconsin Field Crops Available at: https://learningstore.uwex.edu/

Despite careful proof reading, there may be some typing or compilation errors in the report. Should you find any information presented to be unreasonably questionable, please contant:

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Project Goal: Compare Harness Max to industry standard herbicide premix competitors at multiple rates specified on product labels.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 1 Variety: DKC 54-38 RIB

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.4 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), giant foxtail

(SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date: 5/8

Treatment: PRE (A)
Air Temp (°F): 74

2" Soil Temp (°F): 65

Soil moisture [surface]: Moist

RH %: 37

Cloud cover % 20

Wind speed (mph)/direction 4-6/SE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45

GPA: 2.43

PSI: 16

Nozzle: XR11002

Nozzle spacing (in): 15
Boom Height (in): 20

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Harness Xtra	3.9 lb/gal	5, 15	2.6 qt/a	PRE	Α
2	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	3 qt/a	PRE	Α
3	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	3 qt/a	PRE	Α
4	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	75 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
5	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	75 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	32 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
6	Harness Xtra	3.9 lb/gal	5, 15	2.2 qt/a	PRE	Α
7	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	2.375 qt/a	PRE	Α
8	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	2.75 qt/a	PRE	Α
9	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
10	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	32 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
11	Harness Xtra	3.9 lb/gal	5, 15	1.8 qt/a	PRE	Α
12	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	2.25 qt/a	PRE	Α
13	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	2.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
14	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	55 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
15	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	55 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	32 fl oz/a	PRE	Α

Trial Summary:

This trial compared weed control of five standard corn herbicide premixes at three different rate structures. Rates were structured within a range based on product labels. There was no visible corn injury at any of the rating dates (data not shown). Control of common lambsquarterss and all grass species was greater than 95% at 58 days after the PRE application (data not shown). The average control of giant ragweed ranged from 40 to 92% at 58 days after treatment (Figure 1). In general, all treatments at the high rate containing a group 27 herbicide (HPPD inhibitor) had better and more consistent giant ragweed control than Harness Xtra (acetochlor + atrazine) at all rating timings.

Trial: Harness Max PRE to Corn and Weeds

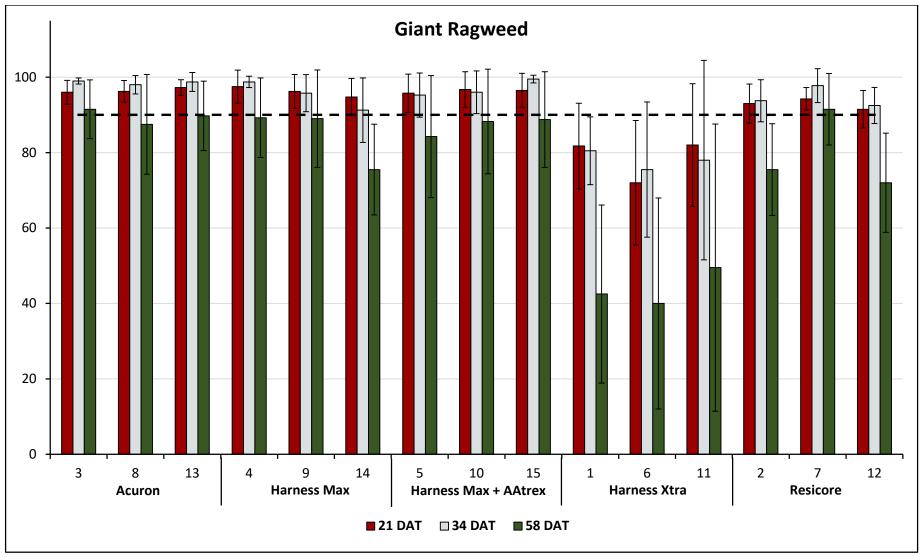


Figure 1: Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN01. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following PRE herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Compare the length of residual weed control and crop safety of Harness Max applied early postemergence to competitor treatments.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 2 Variety: DKC 54-38 RIB

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.7 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/8	6/1	6/9
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	74	71	75
2" Soil Temp (°F):	65	80	76
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Normal	Wet
RH %:	36.6	73	80
Cloud cover %	20	20	15
Wind speed (mph)/direction	4-6/SE	5-10/NE	0-3/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	2.45	0.37	1.96
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	16	20	20
Nozzle:	XR 11002	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	24	26

	Date:	5/8	6/1	6/9
Crop	Height (in):	=	8	11
Стор	Stage:	-	V3	V5
AMBTR	Height (in):	-	3.5	8
AIVIDIK	Density:	-	4-40/m ²	3-30/m ²
ADLITU	Height (in):	-	2.5	-
ABUTH	Density:	-	6/m²	-
ANAADE	Height (in):	-	3	-
AMARE	Density:	-	18/m²	-
CHEVI	Height (in):	-	2	-
CHEAL	Density:	-	37/m²	-
Grass	Height (in):	-	2	-
Grass	Density:	-	40/m ²	-
			-	•

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check		-			-
2	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	27 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Diflexx	4 Ibae/gal	4	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
3	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	27 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
4	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	1.8 qt/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/	EPOST	В
5	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.25 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	27 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS				EPOST	В
6	Harness Xtra	6 lb/gal	5, 15	2 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	27 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Diflexx	4 Ibae/gal	4	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
7	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
8	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
9	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	2 qt/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/	EPOST	В
10	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	2.25 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			0.5 51	EPOST	<u>B</u>
11	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	EPOST	В
12	AMS	2 05 15/2-1	45.27	2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
12	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	EPOST	В
	NIS AMS			.25% v/v	EPOST EPOST	В
12		4.20 lb/col	0 15 27	2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
13	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	2 qt/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/	EPOST	В

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
14	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	2.25 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	EPOST	В
	AMS				EPOST	В
15	Capreno	3.45 lb/gal	2, 27	3 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Destiny HC (COC)			.5% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
16	Harness Xtra	6 lb/gal	5, 15	1.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	1.8 qt/a	POST	С
	Status	56% w/w	4, 19	3 oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	С

Adjuvants: AMS = Amsol; NIS = Induce

Trial Summary:

This trial evaluated the weed control and crop safety of common corn herbicides applied early postemergence. Corn injury was observed at 7 and 14 days after the EPOST application (Figure 4). Injury symptoms depended on the herbicide treatment and consisted of leaf necrosis, leaf chlorosis, and corn leaning. Leaning was rated as the percentage of plants leaning greater than 45 degrees from perpendicular to the ground. There was no visible injury at the later rating dates. Control of common lambsquarterss, redroot pigweed, and velvetleaf exceeded 90, 93, and 92%, respectively, at 59 days after the EPOST application (data not shown). The average control of giant ragweed ranged from 86 to 98% at 14 days and 89 to 100% at 59 days after the EPOST application (Figure 2). Grass control ranged from 77 to 93% at 59 days after treatment for the EPOST applications (Figure 3). The PRE + POST treatment (16) had 100% grass control at the 59 DAT rating. Corn yield did not differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 246 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 38 bu/acre, an 85% reduction.

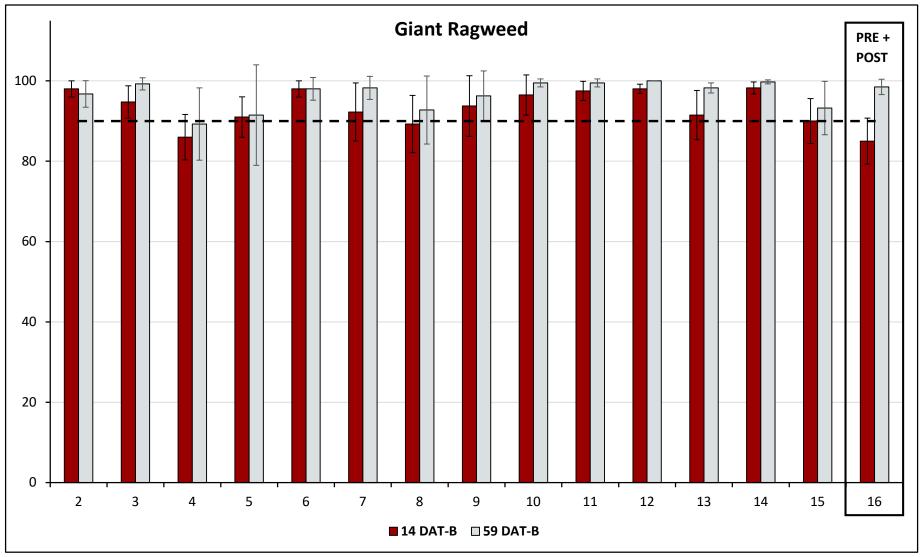


Figure 2. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN02. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following EPOST and PRE + POST herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

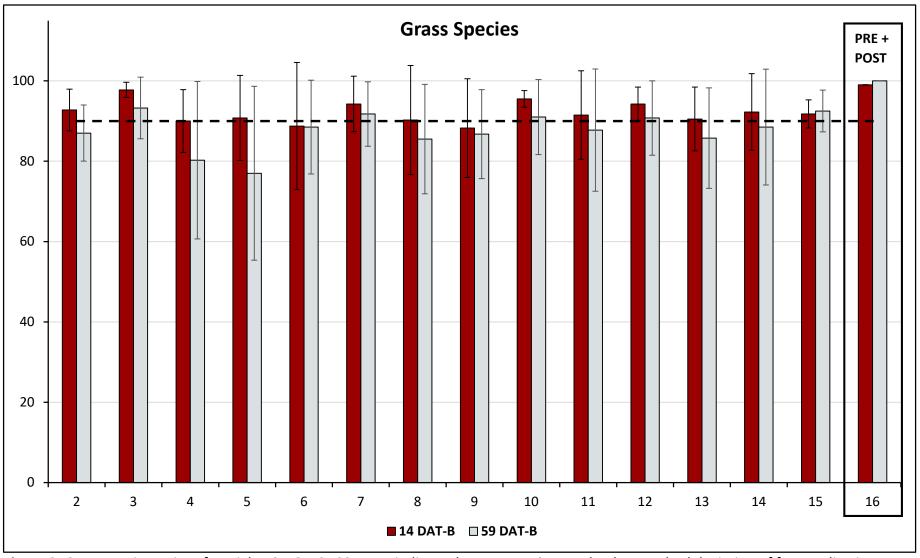


Figure 3. Grass species ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN02. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following EPOST and PRE + POST herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

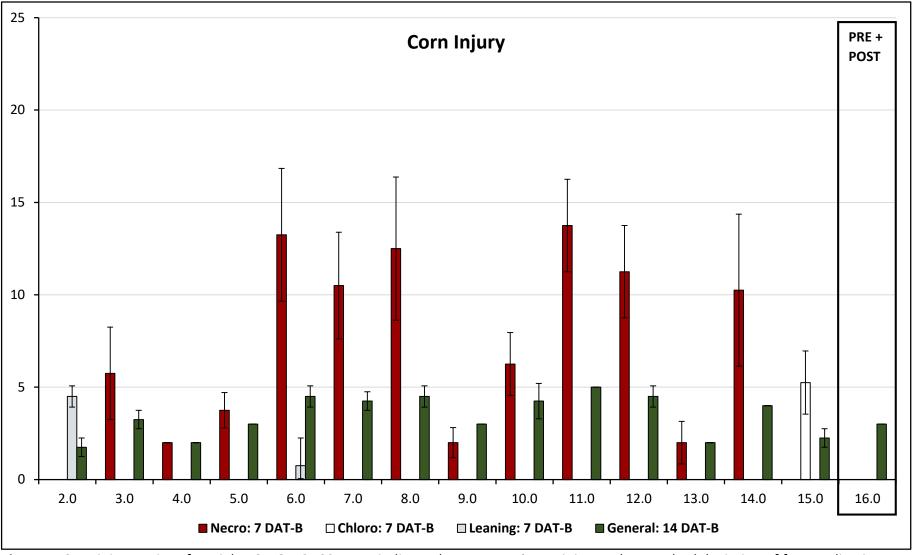


Figure 4. Corn injury ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN02. Bars indicate the average % corn injury ± the standard deviation of four replications at 7 and 14 days after the EPOST application. A general crop injury rating was performed at 14 DAT. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Abbreviations: necro=necrosis; chloro=chlorosis.

Project Goal: Evaluate various herbicide programs for season long-weed control.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 1 Variety: DKC 54-38 RIB

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.4 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/8	6/5
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)
Air Temp (°F):	74	71
2" Soil Temp (°F):	65	73
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Moist
RH %:	36.6	70.3
Cloud cover %	20	5
Wind speed (mph)/direction	4-6/SE	5-7/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	2.45	1.81
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	16	21
Nozzle:	XR 11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	24

	Date:	5/8	6/5	
Cron	Height (in):	-	8	
Crop	Stage:	-	V4	
AMBTR	Height (in):	-	2-6	
AIVIDIK	Density:	-	0-3/ft ²	
ABUTH	Height (in):	-	2	
ABUIN	Density:	-	0-1/ft ²	
CUEAL	Height (in):	-	1	
CHEAL	Density:	-	<1/ft²	
Grass	Height (in):	-	-	
Grass	Density:	-	-	

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Tripleflex II	4.25 lba/gal	2, 4, 15	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Harness Max	3.85 lba/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	В
2	Harness Xtra 5.6 L	5.6 lb/gal	5, 15	1.75 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Harness Max	3.85 lba/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
3	Harness Xtra	6 lb/gal	5, 15	1.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Harness Max	3.85 lba/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 labe/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
4	Degree Xtra	4.04 lb/gal	5, 15	2.25 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Harness Max	3.85 lba/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
5	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx	4 lb/gal	4	16 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Intact			0.5 % v/v	POST	В
6	Harness Max	3.85 lba/gal	15, 27	75 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
7	Acuron	3.44 lba/gal	5, 15, 27	48 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.389 lba/gal	9, 15, 27	58 fl oz/a	POST	В
	NIS Surfactant			0.25% v/v	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
8	Bicep II Magnum	5.5 lb/gal	5, 15	56 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.389 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	58 fl oz/a	POST	В
	NIS Surfactant			0.25% v/v	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
9	Lexar EZ	3.704 lba/gal	5, 15, 27	1.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.389 lba/gal	9, 15, 27	1.8 qt/a	POST	В
	NIS Surfactant			0.25% v/v	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
10	Keystone NXT	5.6 lba/gal	5, 15	1.75 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Resicore	3.35 lba/gal	4, 15, 27	1.25 qt/a	POST	В
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	36 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
11	Surestart II	4.25 lba/gal	2, 4, 15	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Resicore	3.35 lba/gal	4, 15, 27	2.5 qt/a	POST	В
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	36 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
12	Resicore	3.35 lba/gal	4, 15, 27	2.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	36 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
13	Armezon Pro	5.35 lb/gal	15, 27	20 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Status	56% ae w/w	4, 19	5 oz wt/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
14	Harness Xtra 5.6 L	5.6 lb/gal	5, 15	1.75 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Balance Flexx	2 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx	4 lb/gal	4	16 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lb/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
15	Corvus	2.63 lb/gal	2, 27	5.6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx	4 lb/gal	4	16 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5 % v/v	POST	В
16	Check					

Adjuvants: AMS = Amsol; NIS = Induce

Trial Summary:

This trial evaluated the weed control and crop safety of sequential herbicide applications (PRE + POST). Corn injury was observed at 3 and 14 days after the EPOST application (Figure 6). Injury symptoms depended on the herbicide treatment and consisted of leaf necrosis and corn leaning. Leaning was rated as the percentage of plants leaning greater than 45 degrees from perpendicular to the ground. There was no visible injury at the later rating dates. Control of common lambsquarterss and all grass species exceeded 97% at all rating dates (data not shown). The average control of giant ragweed by the PRE herbicides ranged from 51 to 98% at 28 days after treatment. However, following the POST applications giant ragweed control exceeded 92 and 98% at 14 and 55 days after treatment, respectively (Figure 5). In general, the PRE treatments containing a group 27 herbicide (HPPD inhibitor) performed better than those without. The average giant ragweed control of all PRE treatment without a group 27 was 67% vs 82% control of PRE treatments that contained a group 27. All POST treatments were effective at controlling giant ragweed plants present at the time of application. Corn yield did not differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 246 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 106 bu/acre, a 57% reduction.

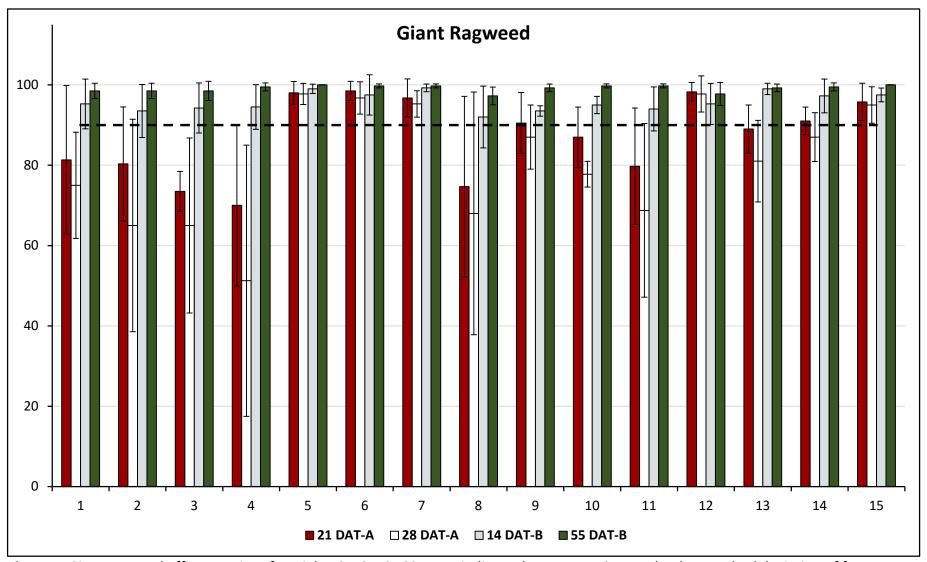


Figure 5. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN03. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

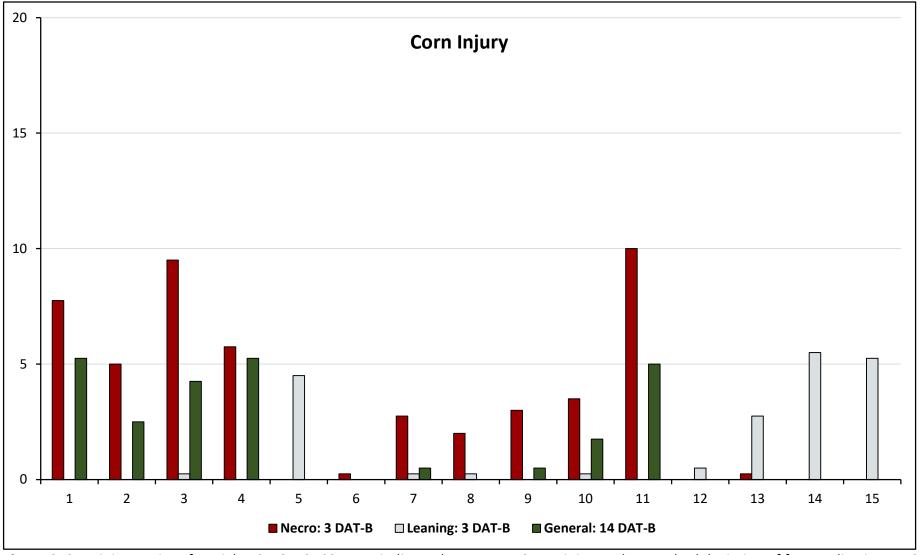


Figure 6. Corn injury ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN03. Bars indicate the average % corn injury ± the standard deviation of four replications at 3 and 14 days after the POST application. A general crop injury rating was performed at 14 DAT. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Abbreviations: necro=necrosis.

Project Goal: Compare Anthem Maxx with different tankmix partners in 1- and 2-pass herbicide programs to similar competitor multiple mode of action premixes.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 2 Variety: DKC 54-38 RIB

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.7 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date: 5/8 6/1 6/5 Treatment: PRE (A) EPOST (B) POST (C) Air Temp (°F): 74 71 71 2" Soil Temp (°F): 65 80 73 Soil moisture [surface]: Moist Moist Moist RH %: 37 73 70 Cloud cover % 20 5 5 Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15 Boom Height (in): 20 24 24					
Air Temp (°F): 74 71 71 2" Soil Temp (°F): 65 80 73 Soil moisture [surface]: Moist Moist Moist RH %: 37 73 70 Cloud cover % 20 5 5 Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Date:	5/8	6/1	6/5	
2" Soil Temp (°F): 65 80 73 Soil moisture [surface]: Moist Moist Moist RH %: 37 73 70 Cloud cover % 20 5 5 Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)	
Soil moisture [surface]: Moist Moist Moist RH %: 37 73 70 Cloud cover % 20 5 5 Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Air Temp (°F):	74	71	71	
RH %: 37 73 70 Cloud cover % 20 5 5 Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	2" Soil Temp (°F):	65	80	73	
Cloud cover % 20 5 5 Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Moist	Moist	
Wind speed (mph)/direction 5/SE 8/NE 6/NE Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	RH %:	37	73	70	
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.45 0.37 1.81 GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Cloud cover %	20	5	5	
GPA: 15 15 15 PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Wind speed (mph)/direction	5/SE	8/NE	6/NE	
PSI: 16 21 21 Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	2.45	0.37	1.81	
Nozzle: XR11002 TTI 110015 TTI 110015 Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	GPA:	15	15	15	
Nozzle spacing (in): 15 15 15	PSI:	16	21	21	
	Nozzle:	XR11002	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	
Boom Height (in): 20 24 24	Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15	
	Boom Height (in):	20	24	24	

	Date:	5/8	6/1	6/5
Cron	Height (in):	-	7	8
Crop	Stage:	-	V3-V4	V4
ANADTD	Height (in):	-	4	4
AMBTR	Density:	-	1-5/ft ²	.5-2/ft ²
ANADE	Height (in):	-	2	-
AMARE	Density:	-	2-3/ft ²	-
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	2	1
CHEAL	Density:	-	10-20/ft ²	0-2/ft ²
Grass	Height (in):	-	3	2
Grass	Density:	-	2-30/ft ²	0-1/ft ²

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check					
2	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	4 floz/a	PRE	Α
	Solstice	4 Iba/gal	14, 27	2.5 fl oz/a	POST	С
	AAtrex	4 lba/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	POST	С
	COC			1 % v/v	POST	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
3	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Callisto	4 lba/gal	27	6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	POST	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
4	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Balance Flexx	4 lba/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lba/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	POST	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
5	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Status	56 % ae w/w	4, 19	3 oz/a	POST	С
	AAtrex	4 lba/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lba/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	POST	С
	COC			1 % v/v	POST	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
6	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Callisto	4 lba/gal	27	6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
7	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Balance Flexx	2 lba/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
8	Corvus	2.63 lba/gal	2, 27	5.6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
9	Acuron	3.44 lba/gal	5, 15, 27	2.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
10	Resicore	3.29 lba/gal	4, 15, 27	2.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
11	Verdict	5.57 lba/gal	14, 15	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
12	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	3 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Callisto	4 Iba/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 Iba/gal	5	2 pt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lba/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
13	Halex GT	4.39 lba/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 pt/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 Iba/gal	5	2 pt/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В

			SOA		App	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
14	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lba/gal	15, 27	2 qt/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lba/gal	5	2 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	COC			1 % v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
15	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lba/gal	14, 15	2.5 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Callisto	4 lba/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lba/gal	5	2 pt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В

Adjuvants: NIS=ChemSurf 90; COC=Agri-Dex

Trial Summary:

This trial compared PRE only, EPOST only, and PRE + POST herbicide programs. Leaf necrosis was observed at 4 and 14 days after the EPOST application (Figure 9). None of the PRE only or PRE + POST herbicide treatments showed any injury at any of the rating timings. Control of redroot pigweed exceded 92% at all rating dates (data not shown). Grass control at the final rating (8/8) was greater than 86% for all treatments (data not shown). The EPOST treatments had slightly lower control ratings on average (90%) when compared to all other treatments (98%). This was likely due to a reduction in herbicide interception due to a denser giant ragweed canopy in the EPOST treatments at the time of application. Common lambsquarters control was below 90% for both the Anthem Maxx alone PRE treatments at the 6/5 rating. After the POST application were made, control was greater than 90% for all treatments (Figure 8). Giant ragweed control varied among the treatments (Figure 7). While some of the PRE herbicide combinations provided good weed control early in the season, all PRE only treatments failed to provide adequate season long giant ragweed control. In contrast, almost all the PRE + POST and EPOST herbicide programs provided >90% control at the final rating (8/8). Corn yield varied considerably throughout the trial, thus we were unable to detect any statistical differences even though there were diffences in weed control. Yields of the various herbicide programs were as follows: untreated check = 15 bu/acre, PRE only = 149 bu/acre, EPOST = 193 bu/acre, PRE + POST = 206 bu/acre.

Trial: Anthem Maxx Tankmix Partners

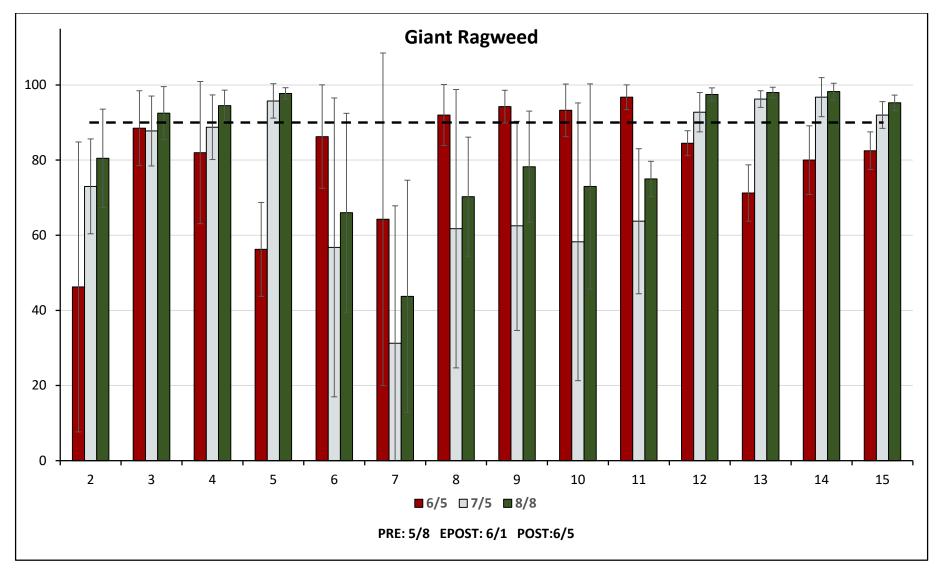


Figure 7. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN04. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Trial: Anthem Maxx Tankmix Partners

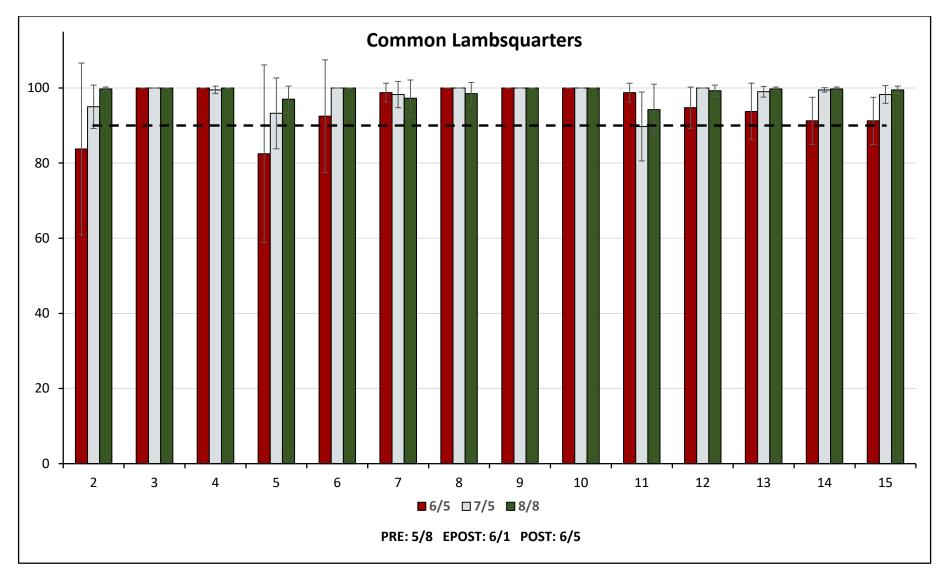


Figure 8. Common lambsquarters efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN04. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Trial: Anthem Maxx Tankmix Partners

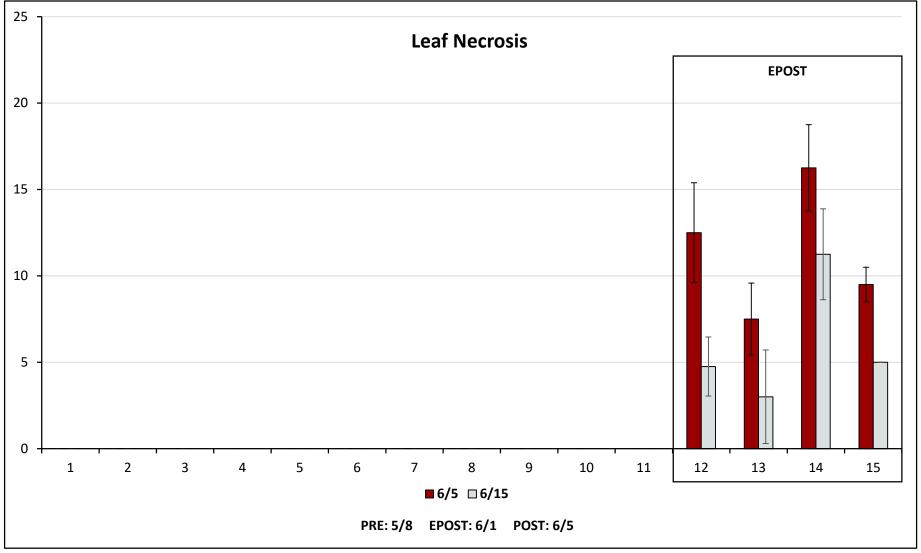


Figure 9. Corn injury ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN04. Bars indicate the average % leaf necrosis ± the standard deviation of four replications on 6/5 and 6/15, 4 and 14 days after EPOST application, respectively. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number.

Project Goal: Compare the efficacy and crop safety of Diflexx Duo applied POST to similar competitor products in the market.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 0 Variety: Pioneer P0339

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.4 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lb N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/10	6/1	6/9
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	66	71	75
2" Soil Temp (°F):	68	80	76
Soil moisture [surface]:	Wet	Moist	Wet
RH %:	63	73	80
Cloud cover %	90	5	15
Wind speed (mph)/direction	5/NNW	8/NE	1/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	1.61	0.37	1.96
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	16	21	21
Nozzle:	XR 11002	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	24	24

	Date:	5/10	6/1	6/9
Cron	Height (in):	-	6	10
Crop	Stage:	- V3	V5	
AMBTR	Height (in):	-	2-6	2-6
AIVIDIK	Density:	-	$0.25-10/m^2$	sparse
ABUTH	Height (in):	-	1-2	-
ABOTH	Density:	-	- 0.25-10/m ² sparse - 1-2 - - 5-40/m ² - - 0.5-2 -	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	-
CHEAL	Density:	-	11-40/m ²	
Grass	Height (in):	_	2	-
Grass	Density:	-	0-1/ft ²	-

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check		-			-
2	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
3	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	24 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
4	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	24 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
5	Capreno	3.45 lb/gal	2, 27	3 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
6	Halex GT	4.27 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	57.6 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
7	Armezon Pro	5.35 lb/gal	15, 27	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
8	Armezon	2.8 lb/gal	27	0.5717 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Status	56% ae w/w	4, 19	3 oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
-	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
9	Callisto	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	3.2 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	EPOST	В
40	AMS	2.20 !! / !	4 45 05	8.5 lb ai/100 gal	EPOST	В
10	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.5 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
11	AMS	2.62.11.7	2.27	8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	<u>B</u>
11	Corvus	2.63 lba/ga	2, 27	4 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	24 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/a	POST	C
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С

Adjuvants: NIS=Induce

Trial Summary:

This trial compared the weed control and crop safety of Diflexx Duo applied POST to similar competitor products in the market. Leaf necrosis was observed 7 after the EPOST application (Figure 11). Injury was less than 5% on 6/15 (14 DAT-B) and 0% by 6/29 (28 DAT-B) for all treatments (data not shown). Control of giant ragweed, common lambsquarterss, and all grass species exceeded 90, 90, and 95%, respectively, at both ratings (data not shown). The average control of velvetleaf ranged from 87 to 99% at 14 days and 89 to 100% at 28 days after the EPOST application (Figure 10). Grain yield did not differ significantly among herbicide treatments as all treatments were effective at controlling weeds (data not shown). Yield of the untreated check was reduced by 56% when compared to the average across all herbicide treatments (108 bu/acre vs 246 bu/acre).

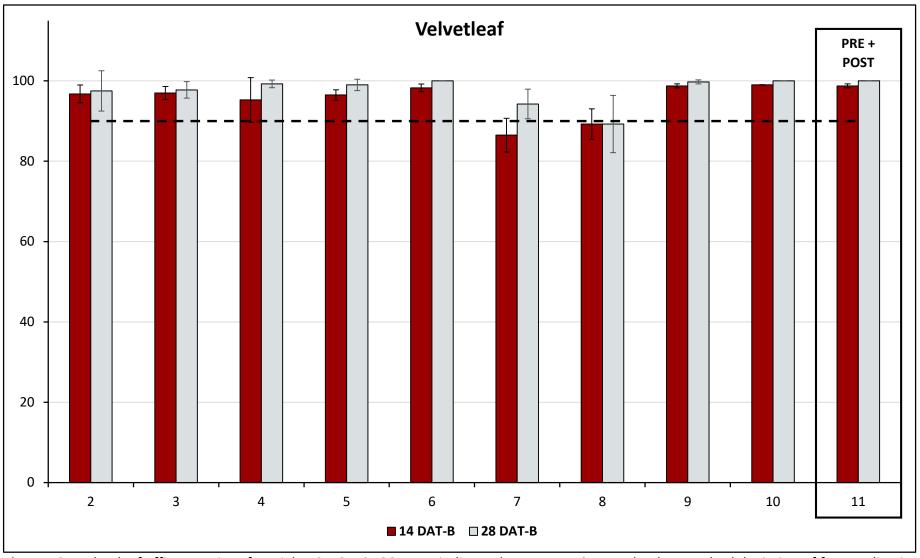


Figure 10. Velvetleaf efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN06. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Ratings for treatment 11 were 6 and 20 days after the POST (C) application. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

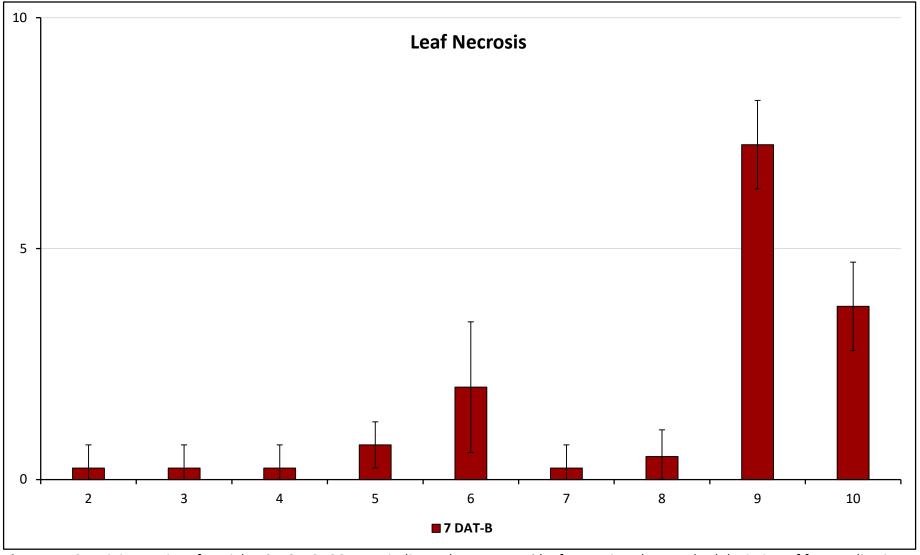


Figure 11. Corn injury ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN06. Bars indicate the average % leaf necrosis ± the standard deviation of four replications on 6/8. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number.

Project Goal: Evaluate various herbicide programs for season long-weed control.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 6 **Variety:** G01P52-3011A

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/25 % **OM:** 3.2 **Emergence Date:** 6/1

pH: 6.5 Population: 35,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 inTillage:ConventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), redroot pigweed (AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail

(SETVI), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/25	6/12	6/15	
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)	
Air Temp (°F):	88	73	72	
2" Soil Temp (°F):	82	71	68	
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Wet	Wet	
RH %:	46	81	83	
Cloud cover %	30	100	80	
Wind speed (mph)/direction	4-8/S	1-3/NE	4-7/SE	
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.45	3.55	3.71	
GPA:	15	15	15	
PSI:	19	21	19	
Nozzle:	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15	
Boom Height (in):	20	23	26	

	Date:	5/25	6/12	6/15
Crop	Height (in):	-	5	10
Стор	Stage:	=	V3	V4
AMBTR	Height (in):	-	1-3	1-6
AIVIDIK	Density:	-	- 8-70/m ² 2-75/m ² - 0.5-2 -	2-75/m ²
ABUTH	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	-
АВОТН	Density:	-	0-3/m ²	-
AMARE	Height (in):	-	0.25-1	-
AIVIARE	Density:	-	5 10 V3 V4 1-3 1-6 8-70/m ² 2-75/m ² 0.5-2 - 0-3/m ² -	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.25-1	-
CHEAL	Density:	=	2-12/m ²	-
Grass	Height (in):	=	0.5-2	1-3
Grass	Density:	-	8-70/m ²	0-30/m ²

			SOA		Арр	Арр
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check					
2	Corvus	2.63 lb/gal	2, 27	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	V4	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
3	Balance Flexx	2 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Capreno	3.45 lb/gal	2, 27	3 fl oz/a	V4	С
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	V4	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
4	TripleFlex II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	2.5 pt/a	PRE	Α
5	Capreno	3.45 lb/gal	2, 27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	28 fl oz/a	V4	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
6	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Capreno	3.45 lb/gal	2, 27	3 fl oz/a	V4	С
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	V4	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
	MSO			1% v/v	V4	С
	AMS			1.5 lb/a	V4	С
7	Harness Max	3.85 lba/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	2, 27	28 fl oz/a	V4	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	16 fl oz/a	V4	С
8	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	3 qt/a	PRE	Α
9	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	1.25 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 ot/a	V4	С
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	V4	С
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	V4	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	V4	С
10	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	1.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Callisto Xtra	3.7 lb/gal	5, 27	24 fl oz/a	V4	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	26 fl oz/a	V4	С
	AMS	100 %		8.5 lb/100 gal	V4	С
11	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 pt/a	V3	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1.5 pt/a	V3	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	V3	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	V3	В

Adjuvants: NIS=Induce; MSO=Premium MSO

Trial Summary:

This trial compared PRE only, EPOST only, and PRE + POST herbicide programs. Treatment 11 (EPOST) had an average 4% leaf necrosis on 6/15 (3 DAT). All other herbicide treatments did not cause corn injury symptoms (data not shown). Control of common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, and velvetleaf was equal to or greater than 99% at all ratings (data not shown). None of the PRE herbicides were effective at controlling giant ragweed, % control less than 60% (Figure 12). Inadequate rainfall may have contributed to the overall poor PRE control, as only 0.45 in of rain fell within 1 week of application. Giant ragweed pressure was also very high which may have also led to the lower than expected control ratings. In general, POST giant ragweed was at acceptable levels, greater than 90%, 14 DAT-C. However, reduced control (77 to 95%) was observed in some treatments at 56 DAT (Figure 12). Grass control of the PRE herbicides evaluated ranged from 68 to 98% at 21 DAT-A (Figure 13). Grass control exhibited a similar response as the giant ragweed where control was initially good (>90%) at 14 DAT-C, but reduced for some treatments at the later rating. Grain yield was also impacted by herbicide treatment (Figure 14). Due to poor giant ragweed control, yield of the PRE only treatments was significantly lower than the EPOST and the PRE + POST programs. Yield of the untreated check was 28 bu/acre compared to an average yield of 181 bu/acre across all treatments with a POST herbicide application, an 85% reduction.

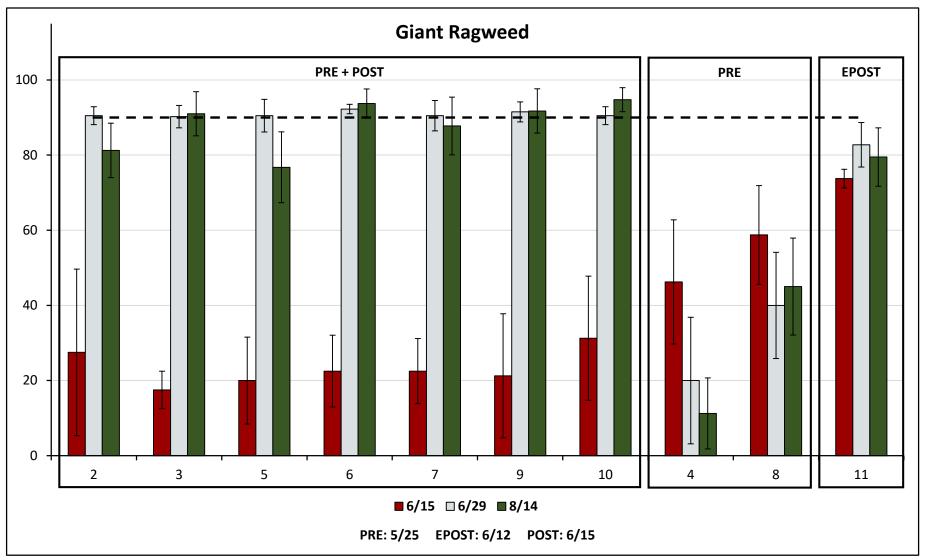


Figure 12. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN07. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

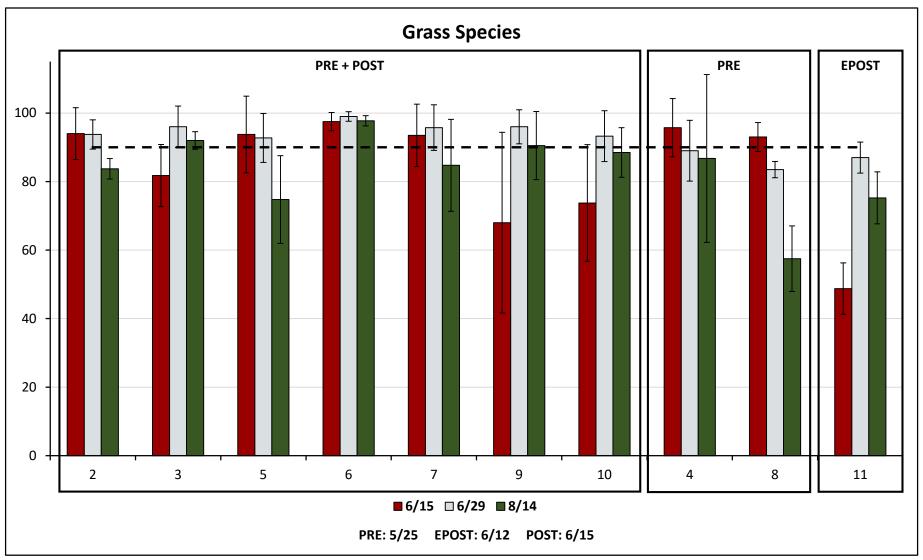


Figure 13. Grass efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN07. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

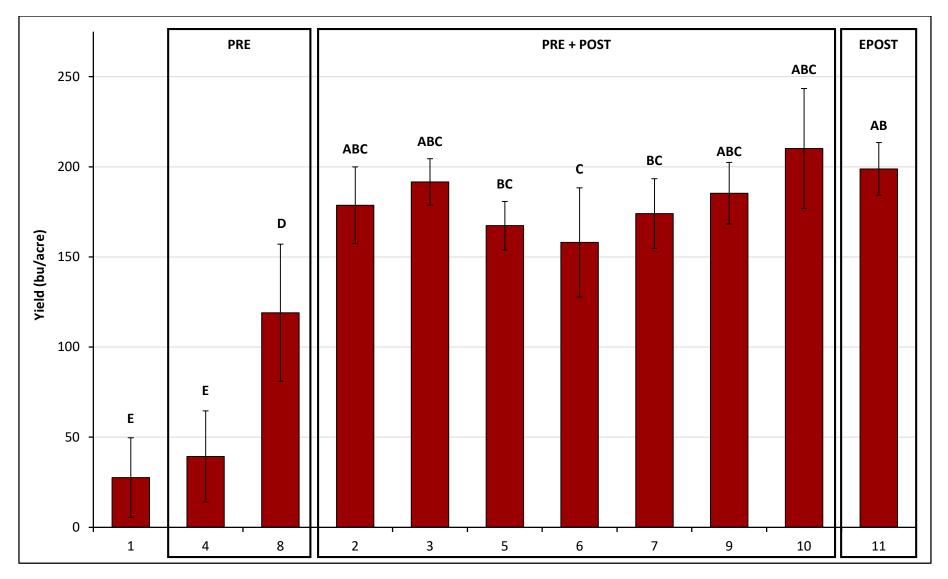


Figure 14. Grain yield for trial #18-ROK-CN07. Bars indicate the average yield in bushels per acre ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. Bars with the same letter are not significantly different (p=0.0001).

Project Goal: Compare the residual weed control of common corn herbicide pre-mixes with atrazine at two rates.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 0 Variety: Pioneer P0339

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.4 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lb N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date: 5/10

Treatment: PRE (A) **Air Temp (°F):** 66

2" Soil Temp (°F): 68

Soil moisture [surface]: Wet

RH %: 63

Cloud cover % 90

Wind speed (mph)/direction 3-7/NNW

Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 1.61

GPA: 15 **PSI:** 16

Nozzle: XR11002

Nozzle spacing (in): 15
Boom Height (in): 20

			SOA		Арр	App
Trt #	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check		_		-	
2	Corvus	2.63 lb/gal	2, 27	4.5 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
3	Corvus	2.63 lb/gal	2, 27	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
4	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
5	Acuron	3.44 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	48 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
6	Lumax	3.95 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	70 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
7	Lumax	3.95 lb/gal	5, 15, 27	55 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
8	Resicore	3.35 lba/gal	4, 15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
9	Resicore	3.35 lba/gal	4, 15, 27	48 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
10	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
*11	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	75 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	24 fl oz/a	PRE	Α

^{*}Treatment 11 was mixed incorrectly, so data from this treatment is not presented.

This trial compared weed control of five standard corn herbicide programs containing atrazine at two rate structures. Rates were structured within a range based on product labels. There was no visible corn injury at any of the rating dates (data not shown). Control of common lambsquarters and velvetleaf was greater than 95% 43 days after the PRE application (data not shown). Grass control exceded 90% for all treatments at 26 DAT; however, control of treatment 3 fell to 88% at 43 DAT. All other treatments remained above 90% control (data not shown). The average control of giant ragweed was greater than 90% for all treatments at 26 DAT (Figure 15). However, at 43 DAT, some of the herbicide treatments at the lower rates started to break and the % control fell below 90%. All treatments at the higher rates remained at or above 90% at 43 DAT.

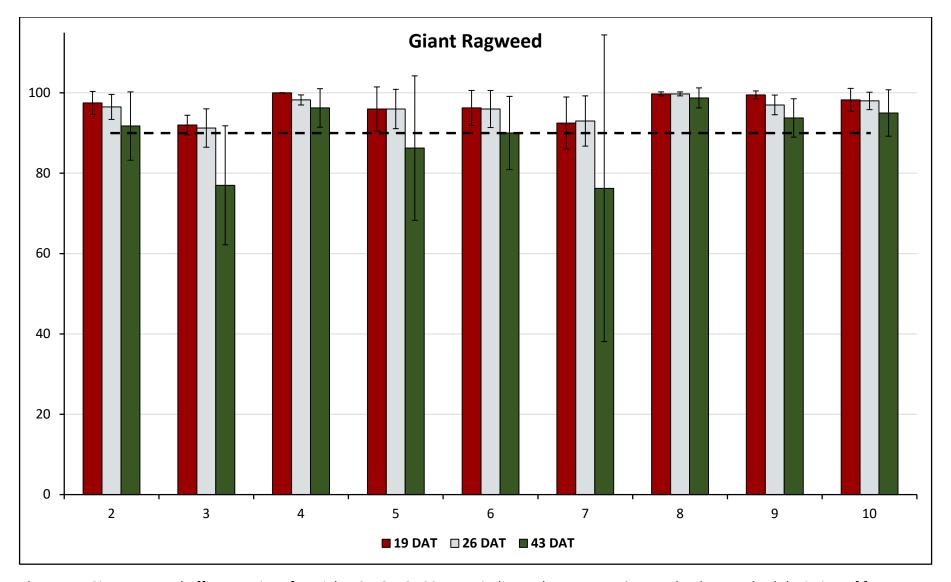


Figure 15. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN09. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Compare weed control of Liberty based herbicide programs to glyphosate-based systems.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 0 Variety: Pioneer P0339

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/8 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/20

pH: 6.4 Population: 34,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lb N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:SoybeanRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/10	6/5
Treatment:	PRE (A)	POST (B)
Air Temp (°F):	66	71
2" Soil Temp (°F):	68	73
Soil moisture [surface]:	Wet	Moist
RH %:	63	70
Cloud cover %	90	5
Wind speed (mph)/direction	3-7.5/NNW	5-7/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	1.61	1.81
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	16	19
Nozzle:	XR11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	24

	Date:	5/10	*6/5
Cron	Height (in):	-	8
Crop	Stage:	-	V4
AMBTR	Height (in):	=	2-7
AIVIDIK	Density:	=	
ADUTU	Height (in):	-	2-3
ABUTH	Density:	-	
CHEAL	Height (in):	=	1-3
CHEAL	Density:	-	
Grass	Height (in):	-	1-4
Grass	Density:	-	

^{*}Heights were measured from weeds in plots without a PRE herbicide. AMBTR was the only species present in plots with a PRE herbicide, and density varied depending on the treatment.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check					
2	Balance Flexx	2 lb/gal	27	4 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Capreno	3.45 lb/gal	2, 27	3 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POTS	В
3	Corvus	2.63 lb/gal	2, 27	3.5 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	24 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
4	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
_	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
5	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	40 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	2 pt/a	PRE	A
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS	2.20 11. / 1	4 45 27	8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
6	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	2.4 qt/a	PRE	A
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	2 pt/a	PRE	A
	Durango DMA	4 lbae/gal	9 5	32 fl oz/a	POST POST	В
	AAtrex AMS	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a 8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	B B
7	Resicore Herbicide	3.29 lb/gal	A 15 27		PRE	A
/	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	4, 15, 27 5	2.4 qt/a	PRE	
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	2 pt/a 32 fl oz/a	POST	A B
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS	4 ID/gai	J	8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
8	Verdict	5.57 lb/gal	14, 15	14 fl oz/a	PRE	A
0	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	14, 15 5	2 pt/a	PRE	A
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS	. 12/ Pai	J	8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
9	Verdict	5.57 lb/gal	14, 15	14 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	2 pt/a	PRE	A
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS	., 6		8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
10	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS	. 0		8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
11	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В

This trial evaluated the postemergece weed control of Liberty and glyphosate following different standard PRE herbicide programs. There was no visual corn injury from the PRE herbicides evaluated at 26 days after application (data not shown). 6% leaf necrosis was observed in treatment 2 six days after the POST application. All other treatments were below 2%. Velvetleaf and grass control exceded 95% at all rating timings (data not shown). There was a difference in common lambsquarters control at 30 days after the POST application. Treatment 11 had an average control rating of 77%, while all other treatments exceded 97% control (data not shown). Giant ragweed control differed at each of the rating timings (Figure 15). The different PRE herbicides evaluated in the study had slightly diffent levels of control 26 days after application. When following a PRE herbicide, the POST efficacy of Liberty and glyphosate on giant ragweed were similar. When applied in a POST only system, the Liberty trteatment initially had better control 91% vs 79% for the glyphostate treatment at 6 days after application. However, by 30 days after application the % control was similar between the Liberty and glyphosate treatments at 85 and 81%, respectively.

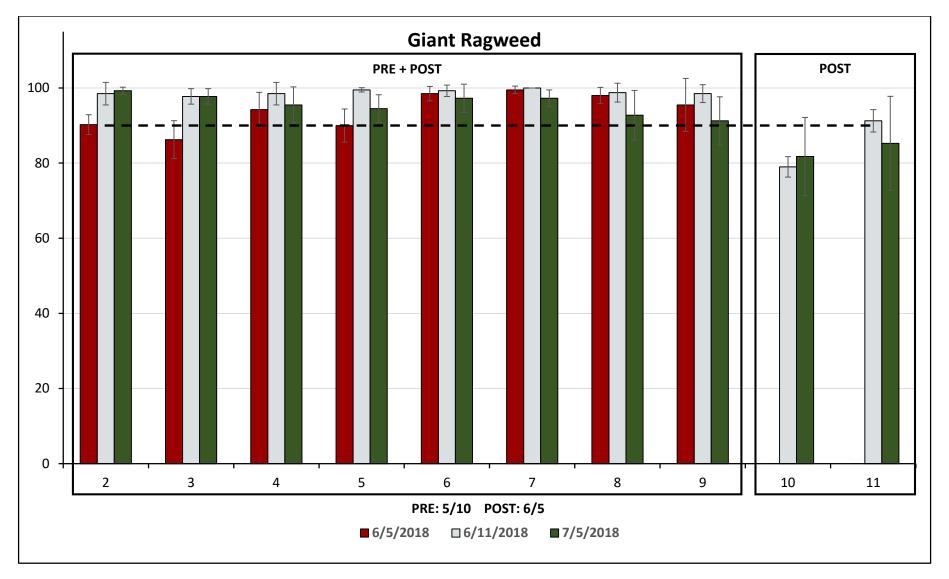


Figure 16. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN10. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate herbicide programs without atrazine for season long-weed control.

Site Description:

Location: Arlington, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 454 Variety: NK0142 3120-EZ1

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/7 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/19

pH: 6.7 Population: 36,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization: 5-14-42 @ 200 lb/a Depth: 2 in

Urea (46-0-0) @ 300 lb/a

Previous crop: Soybean Row spacing: 30 in Tillage: conventional Plot Size: 10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf (ABUTH), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), common ragweed (AMBEL), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail

(SETVI), woolly cupgrass (ERBVI)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/7	5/31	6/7
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	82	80	75
2" Soil Temp (°F):	72	78	70
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Moist	Moist
RH %:	38	55	66
Cloud cover %	0	17	15
Wind speed (mph)/direction	7-10/SW	5-9/NW	4-6/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	1.5	0.37	1.07
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	17	33	33
Nozzle:	XR11002	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	20	20
Boom Height (in):	20	23	26

	Date:	5/7	5/31	*6/7
Cron	Height (in):	-	5	9
Crop	Stage:	-	V3	V5
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.5-1.5	-
CHEAL	Density:	-	3-9/ft ²	-
ABUTH	Height (in):	-	0.5-3	<1
ABOTH	Density:	-	1-5/ft ²	sparse
AMARE	Height (in):	=	0.5-1.5	-
AIVIARE	Density:	-	0-6/ft ²	-
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	-
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	0-0.5/m ²	-
Cross	Height (in):	_	0.5-4	<1
Grass	Density:	=	3-40/ft ²	sparse

^{*}Very few weeds were present at the POST (C) application. All PREs still had > 95% control.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check		-	-	-	-
2	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lb/gal	15, 27	2.25 qt/a	PRE	Α
3	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lb/gal	15, 27	2 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Princep 4L	4 lb/gal	5	1.35 pt/a	PRE	Α
4	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	2.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
5	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	75 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
6	Corvus	2.63 lb/gal	2, 27	5.6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
7	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lb/gal	15, 27	1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 pt/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 lb ae/gal	4	3 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	POST	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
8	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lb/gal	15, 27	1.2 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Callisto	4.39 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 lb ae/gal	4	3 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax		9	26 fl oz/a	POST	С
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
9	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 pt/a	POST	В
	Clarity	4 lb ae/gal	4	3 fl oz/a	POST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В

Adjuvants: NIS=Induce

Trial Summary:

This trial compared PRE only, EPOST only, and PRE + POST herbicide programs without atrazine in corn. None of the herbicide treatments caused significant corn injury symptoms (data not shown). Control of common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, velvetleaf, and common ragweed was greater than 95% at all ratings (data not shown). Note that common ragweed pressure in the trial area was very low. Giant foxtail control remained above 90% for all treatments until the last rating on 8/2 (Figure 17). In general, the level of foxtail control decreased at this rating timing, indicating that the PRE herbicides were starting to break. Control also tended to be much more variable in the PRE only treatments when compared to the PRE + POST and EPOST treatments. Corn yield did not significantly differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 227 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 188 bu/acre, a 17% reduction.

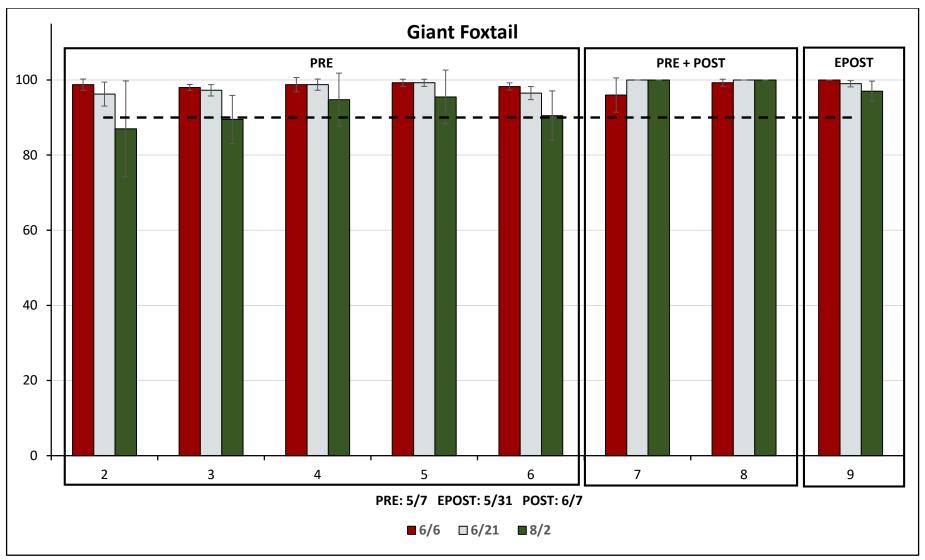


Figure 17. Giant foxtail efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-CN11. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate the season long weed control and crop safety of Impact and ImpactZ in 1 and 2 pass programs.

Site Description:

Location: Janesville, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 6 Variety: G01P52-3011A

Soil type: Plano silt loam Planting Date: 5/25 % OM: 3.2 Emergence Date: 6/1

pH: 6.5 Population: 35,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 inTillage:ConventionalPlot Size:10 x 30 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail (SETVI), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/25	6/12	6/15
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	90	73	72
2" Soil Temp (°F):	85	71	68
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Wet	Wet
RH %:	42	81	83
Cloud cover %	35	100	80
Wind speed (mph)/direction	3-6/S	1-3/NE	4-7/SE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.45	3.55	3.71
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	19	21	18
Nozzle:	TTI 110105	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	23	23

	Date:	5/25	6/12	*6/15
Cron	Height (in):	-	5	10
Crop	Stage:	=	V3	V4
ANADTD	Height (in):	-	1-3	1-6
AMBTR	Density:	-	1-30/m ²	1-30/m ²
ANAADE	Height (in):	-	0.25-1	-
AMARE	Density:	-	1-7/m ²	-
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.25-1	-
CHEAL	Density:	-	2-12/m ²	-
Grass	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	-
Grass	Density:	-	8-70/m ²	

^{*}AMBTR was the only species present in plots with a PRE herbicide. The % control of AMBTR was very low as group 15 herbicides have very little activity on large seeded broadleaves.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check	_	-		- -	
2	Harness	7.0 lb/gal	15	1.75 pt/a	PRE	Α
3	Harness	7.0 lb/gal	15	1.75 pt/a	PRE	Α
	ImpactZ	4.26 lb/gal	5, 27	10.7 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	MSO			1% v/v	MPOST	С
	AMS (liquid)			2.5% v/v	MPOST	С
4	Harness	7.0 lb/gal	15	1.75 pt/a	PRE	Α
	ImpactZ	4.26 lb/gal	5, 27	8.0 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32.0 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	MSO			0.5 v/v	MPOST	С
	AMS (liquid)			2.5% v/v	MPOST	С
5	Harness	7.0 lb/gal	15	1.75 pt/a	PRE	Α
	ImpactZ	4.26 lb/gal	5, 27	8.0 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	Liberty 280 SL	2.34 lb/gal	10	22.0 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	AMS (liquid)	100 %		2.5% v/v	MPOST	С
6	Harness	7 lb/gal	15	1.75 pt/a	EPOST	В
	Impact	2.8 lb/gal	27	1.0 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	EPOST	В
	MSO			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
7	Harness	7 lb/gal	15	1.75 pt/a	EPOST	В
	Impact	2.8 lb/gal	27	0.75 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32.0 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	EPOST	В
	MSO			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В
8	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 pt/a	EPOST	В
	AAtrex	4 lb/gal	5	1 pt/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5% v/v	EPOST	В

Adjuvants: AMS=Amsol; NIS=Induce; MSO=Premium MSO

Trial Summary:

This trial evaluated the season long weed control and crop safety of Impact and ImpactZ in both 1 and 2 pass herbicide programs. None of the herbicide treatments evaluated caused significant corn injury symptoms (data not shown). Control of common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, and grass species was greater than 90% at all ratings (data not shown). All the PRE + POST and EPOST herbicide programs evaluated were effective at controlling giant ragweed late in the season (Figure 18). The PRE only treatment of Harness had very poor control throughout the entire season. This is expected as group 15 herbicides have poor efficacy on large seed broadleaves like giant ragweed.

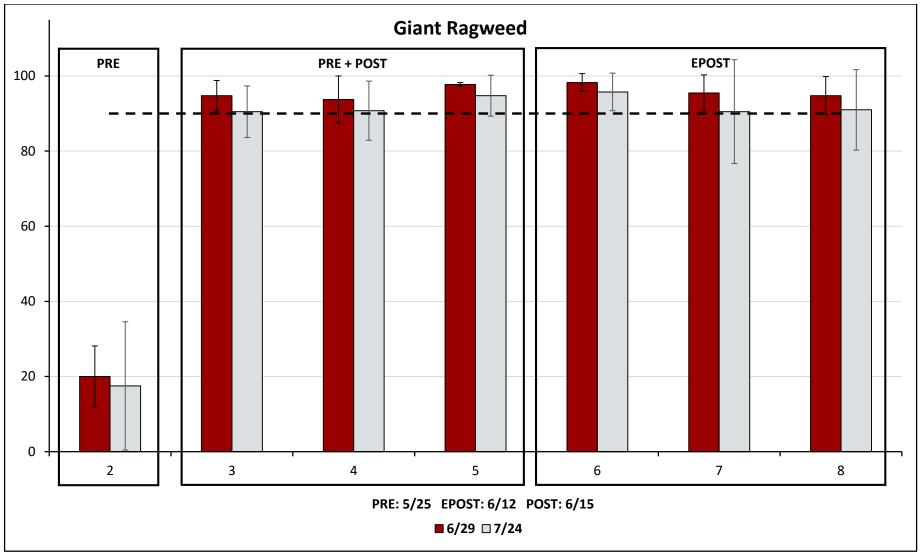


Figure 18. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-CN12. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate weed control and crop safety of Enlist Duo in Enlist traited corn.

Site Description:

Location: Arlington, WI **Crop:** Corn

Field #: 454 Variety: MY00T28 (Enlist corn)

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/7 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/19

pH: 6.7 Population: 36,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization: 5-14-42 @ 200 lb/a **Depth:** 2 in

Urea (46-0-0) @ 300 lb/a

Previous crop: Soybean **Row spacing:** 30 in **Tillage:** conventional **Plot Size:** 10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf (ABUTH), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), common ragweed (AMBEL), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail

(SETVI), woolly cupgrass (ERBVI), large crabgrass (DIGSA)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/7	5/31	6/7
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	83	80	75
2" Soil Temp (°F):	71	78	70
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Moist	Moist
RH %:	34	55	65
Cloud cover %	5	17	15
Wind speed (mph)/direction	6-9/SW	5-9/NW	4-6/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	1.5	0.37	1.07
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	17	33	33
Nozzle:	XR11002	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	20	20
Boom Height (in):	20	22	24

	Date:	5/7	5/31	*6/7	
Crop	Height (in):	-	6	9	
Crop	Stage:	=	V3	V4	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.5-1.5	<1	
CHEAL	Density:	-	8-60/ft ²	sparse	
ADUTU	Height (in):	-	0.5-3	<1	
ABUTH	Density:	-	0-2/ft ²	sparse	
AMARE	Height (in):	-	0.5-1.5	-	
AIVIARE	Density:	=	3-52/ft ²	-	
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	<1	
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	0-1/ft ²	sparse	
Grass	Height (in):	-	0.5-4	<1	
Grass	Density:	-	22-50/ft ²	sparse	
	4 6 1				

^{*}Very few weeds were present at the POST (C) application.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check					
2	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Enlist Duo	3.3 lbae/gal	4, 9	3.5 pt/a	POST	С
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	MPOST	С
3	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Enlist Duo	3.3 Ibae/gal	4, 9	4.75 pt/a	POST	С
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	POST	С
4	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.25 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.25 qt/a	POST	С
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	2 pt/a	POST	С
	AMS (lisuid)			2.5 % v/v	POST	С
5	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.25 qt/a	POST	С
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	2 pt/a	POST	С
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	POST	С
6	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Realm Q	38.75% w/w	2, 27	4 oz/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 lbae/gal	4	4 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	2 pt/a	POST	С
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	POST	С
7	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.75 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Enlist Duo	3.3 lbae/gal	4, 9	3.5 pt/a	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	EPOST	В
8	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.75 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Enlist Duo	3.3 lbae/gal	4, 9	4.75 pt/a	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	EPOST	В
9	Resicore	3.29 lb/gal	4, 15, 27	1.75 qt/a	EPOST	В
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	2 pt/a	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	EPOST	В
10	Realm Q	38.75% w/w	2, 27	4 oz/a	EPOST	В
	Clarity	4 Ibae/gal	4	4 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	2 pt/a	EPOST	В
	AMS (liquid)			2.5 % v/v	EPOST	В

Adjuvants: AMS=Bronc

This trial evaluated the weed control and crop safety of Enlist Duo in Enlist traited corn. The Enlist trait confers resistance to glyphosate, glufosinate, 2,4-D, and group 1 herbicides in the "FOPs" chemical family. Minor leaf necrosis was observed at 6 DAT-B and 14 DAT-C (Figure 20). There was no visible injury at the later rating dates. Control of common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, velvetleaf, and common ragweed was greater than 90% at all ratings (data not shown). Note that common ragweed pressure in the trial area was very low. Giant foxtail control remained above 90% for all treatments until the last rating on 8/2 (Figure 19). All treatments with a group 15 herbicide maintained control levels greater than 90% throughout the entire season. Only treatment 10 did not have a group 15 herbicide and foxtail control fell to 81% by the last rating on 8/2. Corn yield did not significantly differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 238 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 155 bu/acre, a 35% reduction.

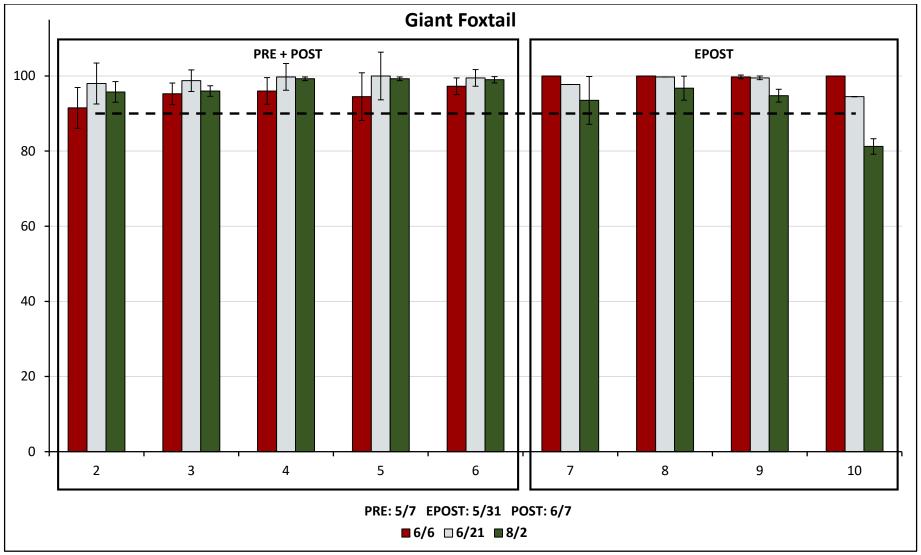


Figure 19. Giant foxtail efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-CN13. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. Treatments are grouped according to application timing. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

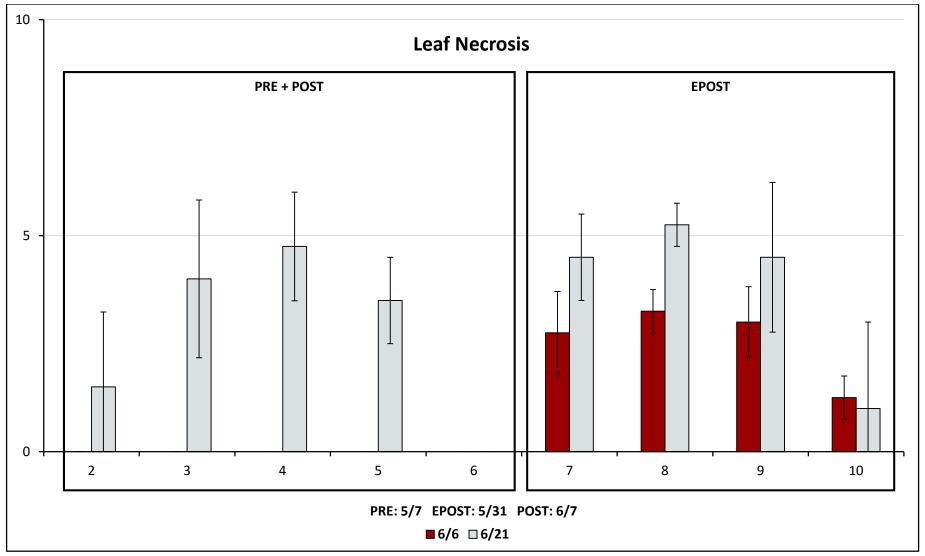


Figure 20. Corn injury ratings for trial #18-ARL-CN13. Bars indicate the average % leaf necrosis ± the standard deviation of four replications on 6/6 and 6/21, 6 days after the EPOST and 14 days after the POST application, respectively. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number.

Project Goal: Evaluate the season long weed control of 1 and 2 pass programs containing multiple effective sites of action from 3 different companies.

Site Description: Janesville, WI

Field #: 6 Variety: G01P52-3011A

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/25 % **OM:** 3.2 **Emergence Date:** 6/1

pH: 6.5 Population: 35,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:200 lbs N/acreDepth:2 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 inTillage:ConventionalPlot Size:10 x 25 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail (SETVI), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information: Janesville, WI

Date:	5/25	6/12	6/15
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	88	73	72
2" Soil Temp (°F):	81	71	68
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Wet	Wet
RH %:	51	82	83
Cloud cover %	18	100	80
Wind speed (mph)/direction	5-9/SSW	1-3/NE	4-7/SE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.45	3.55	3.71
Rainfall (in) 2 wk after APP:	0.81	4.84	4.68
Rainfall (in) 3 wk after APP:	2.92	5.71	5.37

Crop and weed information at application: Janesville, WI

	Date:	5/25	6/12	*6/15
Come	Height (in):	-	5	10
Corn	Stage:	-	V3	V4
AMBTR	Height (in):	-	1-3	1-6
AIVIDIK	Density:	-	8-70/m ²	2-75/m ²
ANAADE	Height (in):	-	0.25-1	-
AMARE	Density:	-	1-7/m ²	-
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.25-1	-
CHEAL	Density:	-	2-12/m ²	-
Cross	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	-
Grass	Density:	-	8-70/m ²	-

^{*}AMBTR was the only species present in plots with a PRE herbicide.

Site Description: Arlington, WI

Field #: 454 Variety: MY00T28 (Enlist corn)

Soil type: Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/7 **% OM:** 3.5 **Emergence Date:** 5/19

pH: 6.7 Population: 36,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization: 5-14-42 @ 200 lb/a Depth: 2 in

Urea (46-0-0) @ 300 lb/a

Previous crop: Soybean Row spacing: 30 in

Tillage: conventional **Plot Size:** 10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf (ABUTH), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), common ragweed (AMBEL), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail

(SETVI), woolly cupgrass (ERBVI), large crabgrass (DIGSA)

Herbicide Application Information: Arlington, WI

Date:	5/7	5/31	6/12
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	POST (C)
Air Temp (°F):	83	80	80
2" Soil Temp (°F):	72	78	80
Soil moisture [surface]:	Moist	Moist	Moist
RH %:	32	55	68
Cloud cover %	5	17	100
Wind speed (mph)/direction	8-11/SW	5-9/NW	2-4/WSW
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	1.5	0.37	2.15
Rainfall (in) 2 wk after APP:	2.13	1.44	3.39
Rainfall (in) 3 wk after APP:	2.13	4.41	3.54

_	Date:	5/7	5/31	*6/12
Crop	Height (in):	-	6	9
Стор	Stage:	-	V3	V4
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	0.5-1.5	1-2
CHEAL	Density:	-	7-47/ft ²	0-2/m ²
ABUTH	Height (in):	-	0.5-3	1-5
ABUIN	Density:	-	1-7/ft ²	0-17/m ²
AMARE	Height (in):	-	0.5-1.5	1
AIVIANE	Density:	=	0-6/ft ²	sparse
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	0.5-2	1-3
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	0-0.25/ft ²	sparse
Grass	Height (in):	_	0.5-4	1-5
Grass	Density:	-	2-50/ft ²	0-10/m ²

^{*}Weed heights and densities varied depending on efficacy of the PRE treatment.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check	-	<u> </u>			
2	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	75 fl oz/a	PRE	A
3	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	28 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	COC	113 1246/ 841	J	0.5 % v/v	EPOST	В
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
4	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx	4 Ibae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	EPOST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	С
	NIS	, 0		0.25 % v/v	EPOST	С
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	С
5	Harness Max	3.85 lb/gal	15, 27	64 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Diflexx Duo	2.13 lb/gal	4, 27	28 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	POST	С
	coc			0.25 % v/v	POST	С
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
6	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lba/gal	15, 27	2.25 qt/a	PRE	Α
7	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	4 pt/a	EPOST	В
	Clarity	4 Ibae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	EPOST	В
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
8	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lb/gal	15, 27	1.5 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 Ibae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	POST	С
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
9	Acuron Flexi	3.26 lb/gal	15, 27	1.1 qt/a	PRE	Α
	Halex GT	4.39 lb/gal	9, 15, 27	3.6 pt/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 Ibae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25 %	POST	С
	Ammonium Suflate			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
10	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2.5 pt/a	PRE	Α
11	Realm Q	38.75 %w/w	2, 27	4 oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Clarity	4 Ibae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	COC			0.5 % v/v	EPOST	В
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	EPOST	В
12	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2.5 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 lbae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	POST	C
	NIS			0.25 % v/v	POST	С
4.0	Ammonium Sulfate	4.25 !! / -!	2 4 17	8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С
13	Surestart II	4.25 lb/gal	2, 4, 15	2.5 pt/a	PRE	A
	Realm Q	38.75 %w/w	2, 27	4 oz/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	30 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Clarity	4 lbae/gal	4	8 fl oz/a	POST	С
	COC			0.5 % v/v	POST	С
	Ammonium Sulfate			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	С

Adjuvants: NIS=Induce; COC=FS COC Supreme

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Results:

Table 1. 2018 end of season weed control (%) and grain yield (bu/A) at Arlington and Janesville, WI.

		Arlington, WI		Janesv	ille, WI
Trt #	Herbicide Program	Weed control (%)	Grain yield** (bu/A)	Weed control (%)	Grain yield** (bu/A)
1	СНЕСК	0 D	166 B	0 D	43 C
2	PRE (Bayer)	99 AB	238 A	51 BC	117 B
3	Early-POST (Bayer)	90 C	223 A	86 A	189 A
4	PRE fb POST (Bayer)	100 A	227 A	93 A	200 A
5	PRE fb POST w/residual (Bayer)	100 A	229 A	99 A	190 A
6	PRE (Syngenta)	98 AB	222 A	64 B	155 AB
7	Early-POST (Syngenta)	99 AB	228 A	91 A	180 A
8	PRE fb POST (Syngenta)	98 AB	235 A	96 A	199 A
9	PRE fb POST w/residual (Syngenta)	100 A	234 A	98 A	181 A
10	PRE (Corteva)	93 BC	230 A	38 C	114 B
11	Early-POST (Corteva)	94 AC	235 A	91 A	173 A
12	PRE fb POST (Corteva)	96 AC	225 A	90 A	177 A
13	PRE fb POST w/residual (Corteva)	99 AB	227 A	97 A	175 A

^{*} means within a column followed by the same letter are not different at P \leq 0.05.

Trial Summary:

1 and 2 pass programs provided good weed control at Arlington (Table 1). At Janesville, a 2 pass program provided best levels of weed control; when comparing the 1 pass systems, an Early-POST program resulted in better weed control than a PRE only program. A more difficult to control weed spectrum is present at Janesville (heavy giant ragweed pressure) compared to Arlington (heavy grass and common lambsquarters pressure), thus, explaning the weed control differences between sites. Overall, no yield advantage was noticed between the 1 pass Early-POST compared to a 2 pass program; however, a 2 pass program resulted in almost complete weed control, thus, reducing weed seed depositions in the seedbank. Weed control across company portifolios was comparable. This study will be replicated in 2019.

^{**}yield data were corrected to 15% moisture.

Project Goal: Evaluate the weed control and crop safety of PRE herbicide programs in soybeans.

Site Description:

Location: Arlington, WI
Field #: 453
Variety: AG24X7
Soil type: Plano silt loam
Planting Date: 5/17
% OM: 3.3
Emergence Date: 5/26
pH: 7
Population: 140,000
Fertilization: none
Depth: 1.25 in
Previous crop: Corn
Row spacing: 30 in

Tillage: conventional **Plot Size:** 10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), common ragweed (AMBEL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), eastern black nightshade (SOLPT), giant foxtail (SETFA)

Herbicide Application Information:

• •		
Date:	5/17	6/20
Treatment:	PRE	POST
Air Temp (°F):	74	67
2" Soil Temp (°F):	72	66
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	wet
RH %:	52	86
Cloud cover %	20	100
Wind speed (mph)/direction	6-12/NE	1-4/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.59	0.66
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	17	38
Nozzle:	TTI 11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	20
Boom Height (in):	20	24

	Date:	5/17	6/20*	
Soybean	Height (in):	-		
Зоуреан	Stage:	-	V3/V4	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1-3	
CHEAL	Density:	-	1-12/m ²	
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	1-5	
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	3-25/m ²	
ADLITU	Height (in):	-	1-5	
ABUTH	Density:	-	3-5/m ²	
COLDT	Height (in):	-	1-3	
SOLPT	Density:	-	2-9/m ²	
CETEA	Height (in):		2-8	
SETFA	Density:	-	86-140/m ²	
des e.e. I I I I				<u> </u>

^{*}Weed density recorded from untreated checks

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check	<u> </u>				
2*	Authority First DF	70% w/w	2, 14	5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
3	Authority Assist	4 lb/gal	2, 14	8 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
	AMS				POST	В
4	Authority First DF	70% w/w	2, 14	6.4 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
5	Authority Elite	7 lb/gal	14, 15	28 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
6	Authority Supreme	4.16 lb/gal	14, 15	7 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
7	Authority MTZ	45% w/w	5, 14	14 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
8*	Authority First DF	70% w/w	2, 14	5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
9	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	4.5 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
10	Fierce	76% w/w	14, 15	3 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
11	Boundary	6.5 lb/gal	5, 15	29 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
12	Tricor DF	75% w/w	5	4 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В

^{*}Treatments 2 and 8 are the same due to an application error.

This trial evaluated the weed control and crop safety of FMC's Authority herbicide brands. There was no signicant herbicide injury from the PRE herbicides evaluated. The POST treatment of Anthem Maxx (treatment 3) resulted in minor leaf necrosis (4.5%) 14 days after application (data not shown). All of the PRE herbicides provided excellent common lambsquarters control (>95%) throughout the entire season (data not shown). Only Tricor (treatment 12) failed to control eastern black nightshade, as average control was 25% 34 days after treatment. Common ragweed, velvetleaf, and giant foxtail control varied at 21 and 34 days after the PRE application (Figures 21, 22, 23). Broadleaf and grass weed densities at the time of POST application also varied among the PRE herbicides (Figure 24). The POST application of glyphosate was effective at controlling all weed species as control was greater than or equal to 95% 28 days after application. Soybean yield did not differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 63 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 19 bu/acre, a 70% reduction.

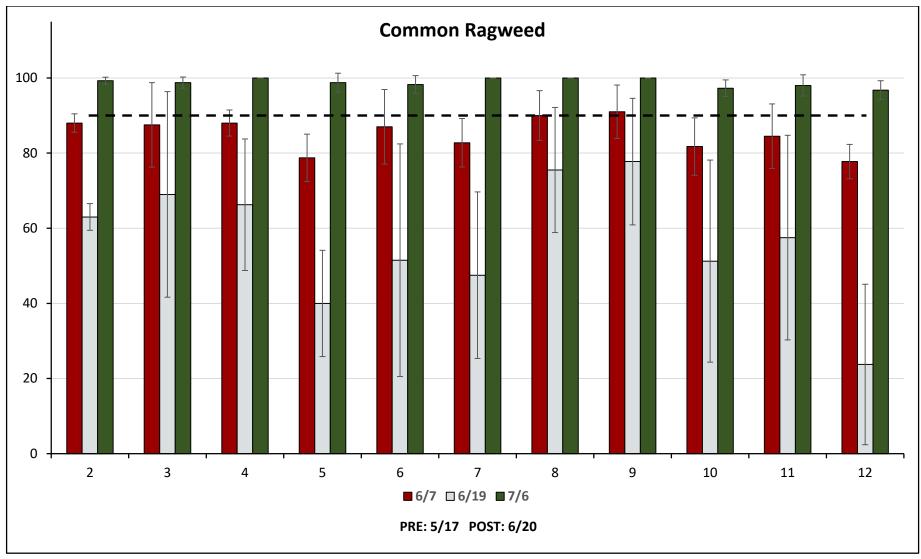


Figure 21. Common ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB06. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

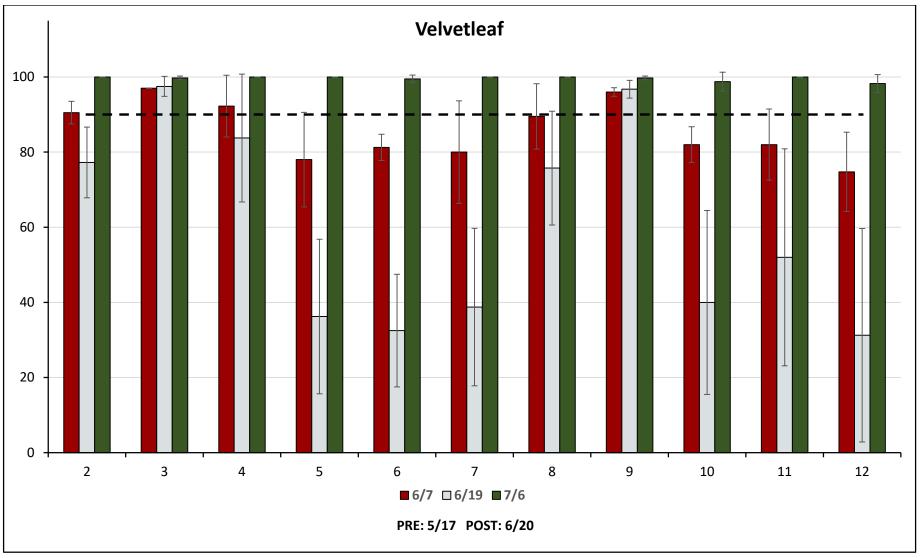


Figure 22. Velvetleaf efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB06. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

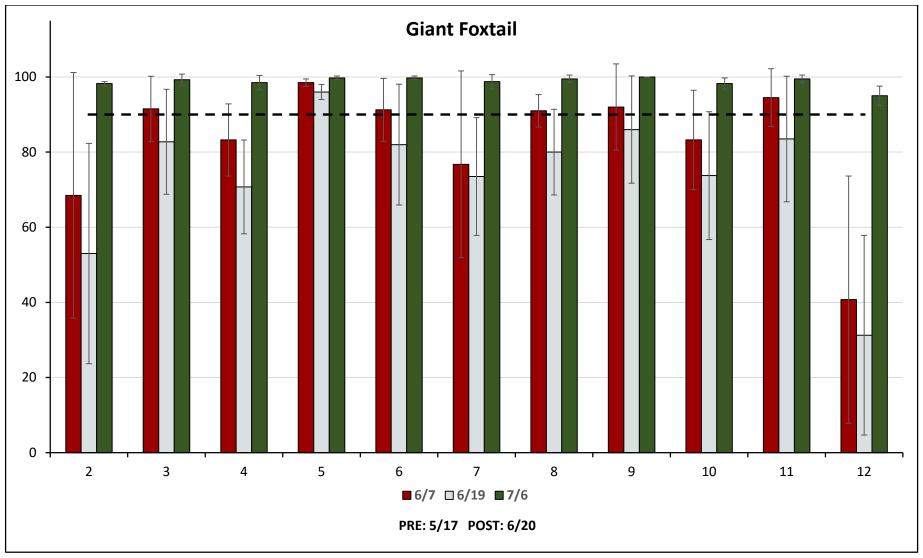


Figure 23. Giant foxtail efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB06. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

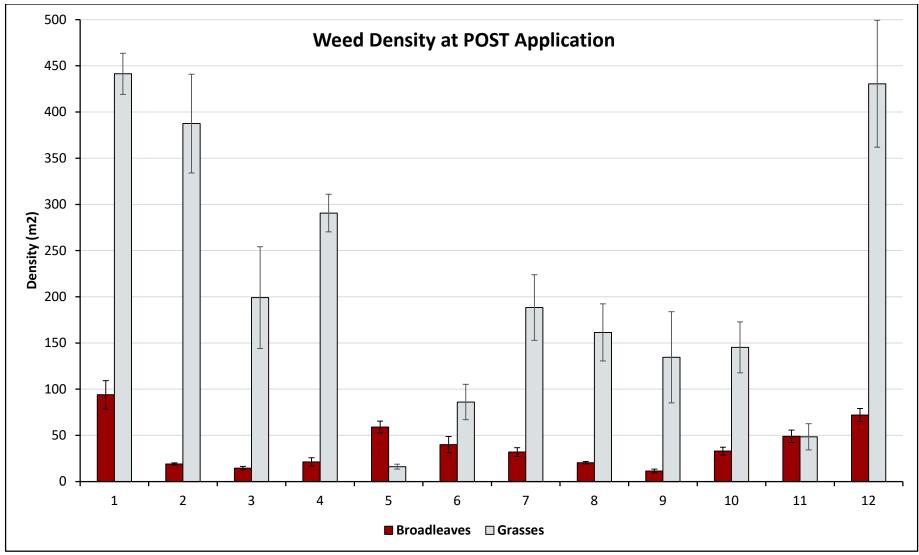


Figure 24. Total broadleaf and grass weed density at the POST application. Bars indicate the total weed density in plants/ $m^2 \pm$ the standard deviation of four replications following PRE herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number.

Project Goal: Compare the weed control and crop safety of Anthem Maxx to industry standard PRE herbicide programs.

Site Description:

Location: Lancaster, WI **Crop:** Soybean Field #: -Variety: AG21X7 **Soil type:** Fayette silt loam Planting Date: 5/24 **% OM:** 2.4 **Emergence Date:** 5/29 Population: 145,000 **pH:** 7.3 Fertilization: none **Depth:** 1.25 in Previous crop: Corn Row spacing: 30 in Plot Size: 10 x 30 ft **Tillage:** conventional

Weed species: common waterhemp (AMATU), common lambsquarters (CHEAL)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/25	6/22
Treatment:	PRE	POST
Air Temp (°F):	80	72
2" Soil Temp (°F):	73	66
Soil moisture [surface]:	dry	wet
RH %:	62	73
Cloud cover %	40	80
Wind speed (mph)/direction	3-4/NNW	4-7/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.83	0.15
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	19	23
Nozzle:	XR 11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	20	20
Boom Height (in):	20	23

Crop and Weed Information at Application:

	Date:	5/25	6/22	
Souhoon	Height (in):	-	6.5	
Soybean	Stage:	-	V3	
AMATU*	Height (in):	-	2	
AIVIATO	Density:	-	3/ft ²	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1.5	
CHEAL	Density:	-	3/ft ²	

^{*}waterhemp population density was variable within the trial area

Trial Summary:

There was minor soybean injury (<5%) from the PRE herbicides evaluated 20 and 28 days after application (data not shown). Observed symptoms were leaf drawstringing and plant stunting. Waterhemp and common lambsquarters control varied at 20 days after the PRE application (Figures 25, 26). The addition of Tricor DF to Anthem Maxx improved common lambsquarters control. The POST application of glyphosate was effective at controlling both waterhemp and common lambsquarters as control was greater than or equal to 98% 14 days after application. Soybean yield was not taken.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check		·			_
2	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	3.25 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
3	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
4	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	3.25 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Tricor DF	75% w/w	5	6 oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
5	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	4 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Tricor DF	75% w/w	5	6 oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
6	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	3.25 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	2.5 fl oz/a	POST	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
7	Boundary	6.5 lb/gal	5, 15	29 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
8	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	6 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
9	Prefix	5.29 lb/gal	14, 15	32 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
10	Outlook	6 lb/gal	15	14 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
11	Warrant	3 lb/gal	15	48 fl oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
12	Tricor DF	75% w/w	5	6 oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	
13	Authority First DF	70% w/w	2, 14	6.4 oz/a	PRE	
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	

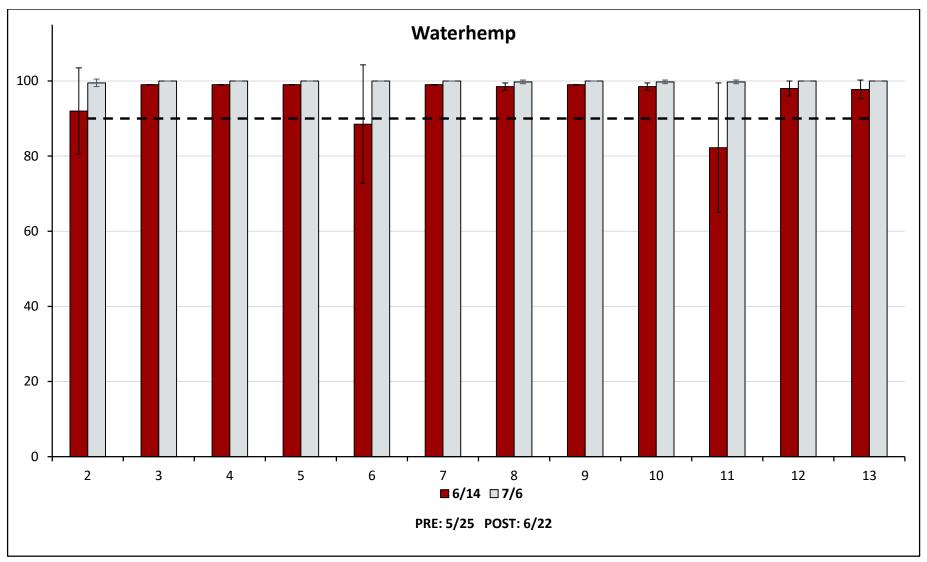


Figure 25. Waterhemp efficacy ratings for trial #18-LAN-SB07. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

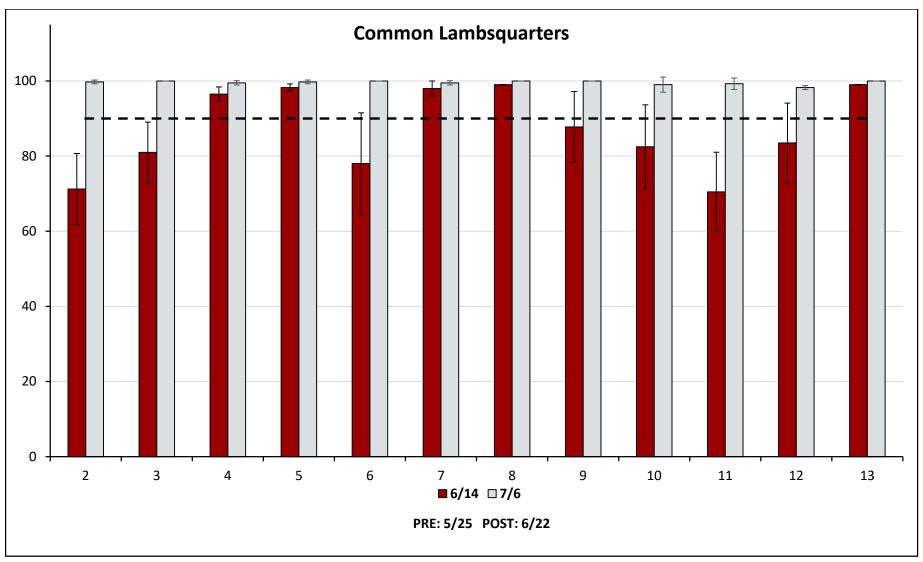


Figure 26. Common lambsquarters efficacy ratings for trial #18-LAN-SB07. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate the efficacy and crop safety of Fierce and other industry standard PRE herbicides in Liberty Link soybeans.

Site Description:

Location: Arlington, WI **Crop:** Soybean

Field #: 453 Variety: Stine 21LH02 (Liberty Link)

Soil type:Plano silt loamPlanting Date:5/16% OM:3.3Emergence Date:5/26pH:7Population:140,000Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 in

Tillage: conventional **Plot Size:** 10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), velvetleaf (ABUTH), eastern black

nightshade (SOLPT), giant foxtail (SETFA)

Herbicide Application Information:

Tierbiciae Application illionna	tion.		
Date:	5/17	6/12	6/23
Treatment:	PRE	EPOST	POST
Air Temp (°F):	72	80	81
2" Soil Temp (°F):	65	80	72
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	moist	wet
RH %:	55	68	74
Cloud cover %	10	100	0
Wind speed (mph)/direction	5-10/NE	1-4/WSW	0-4/N
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.59	2.15	0.41
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	18	33	35
Nozzle:	XR 11002	TTI 110015	TTI 110105
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	20	20
Boom Height (in):	20	22	24

	Date:	5/17	6/12	6/23
Couloon	Height (in):	-	3-5	7-8
Soybean	Stage:	-	V1	V4
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1-3	1-3
CHEAL	Density:	-	7-9/m²	
ADLITU*	Height (in):	-	1-3	2-4
ABUTH*	Density:	-	0-7/m ²	
COLDT	Height (in):	-	1-3	-
SOLPT	Density:	-	0-10/m ²	-
CETEA	Height (in):	-	1-5	3-9
SETFA	Density:	=	6-86/m ²	

^{*}velvetleaf population density was variable within the trial area

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check	.	<u> </u>		-	
2	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	EPOST	В
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
3	Fierce	76% w/w	14, 15	3 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
4	Boundary	6.5 lb/gal	5, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
5	Authortity Elite	7 lb/gal	14, 15	25 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
6	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	4.5 fl oz	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
7	Fierce MTZ	2.64 lb/gal	5, 14, 15	1 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
8	Fierce	76% w/w	14, 15	3.75 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С
9	Authority Supreme	4.16 lb/gal	14, 15	6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Liberty 280	2.34 lb/gal	10	29 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Select Max	1 lb/gal	1	6 fl oz/a	POST	С
	NIS			0.25% v/v	POST	С
	AMS			2.5 lb/a	POST	С

Adjuvants: NIS=Induce

There was no observable soybean injury from the PRE herbicides 21 and 28 days after application. The POST Liberty application caused 8-9% leaf bronzing/necrosis and minor stunting 5 days after application (data not shown). Soybeans recovered by 19 days after application as injury was <2%. All herbicide treatments were effective at controlling common lambsquarters and eastern black nightshade throughout the entire season (>95% control at all ratings). Velvetleaf and giant foxtail control varied at 21 and 28 days after the PRE application (Figures 27, 28). The POST application of Liberty and Select was effective at controlling all weeds not controlled by the PRE herbicides. as control of all species was greater than 98% 19 days after application. Soybean yield did not differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 56 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 31 bu/acre, a 45% reduction.

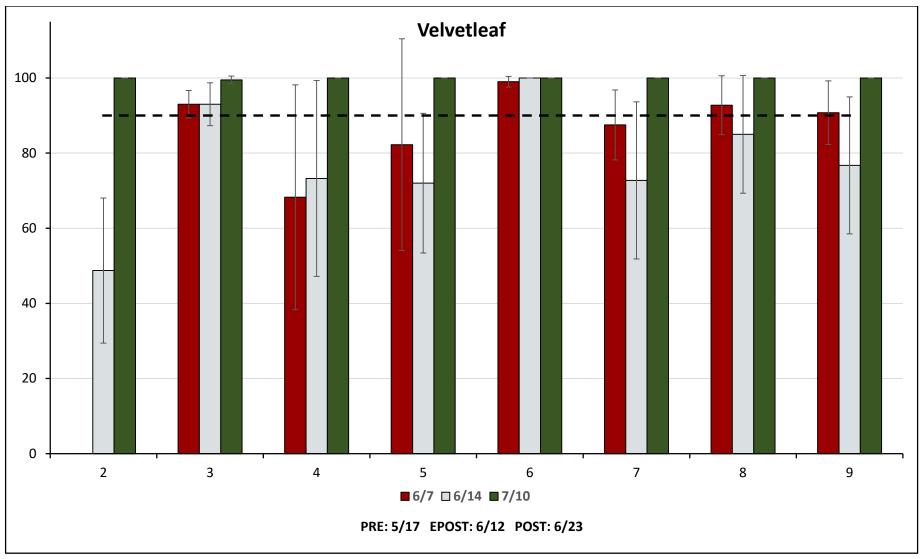


Figure 27. Velvetleaf efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB08. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

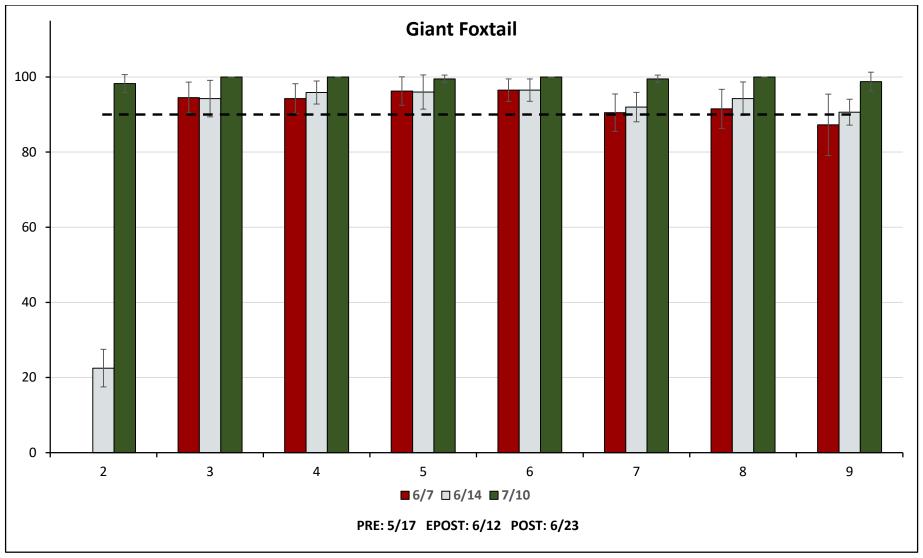


Figure 28. Giant foxtail efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB08. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate the weed control and crop safety of multiple Balance Bean herbicide tank mixes in isoxaflutole tolerant soybeans.

Site Description:

Location: Arlington, WI **Crop:** Soybean (isoxaflutole tolerant)

Field #: 361 Variety: Stine 19BA23

Soil type:Plano silt loamPlanting Date:5/18% OM:3.2Emergence Date:5/27pH:5.6Population:140,000Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 in

Previous crop: Corn Row spacing: 30 in

Tillage: conventional Plot Size: 10 x 30 ft

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), common ragweed (AMBEL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), redroot pigweed (AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), yellow foxtail

(SETPU)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/21	6/22
Treatment:	PRE	POST
Air Temp (°F):	52	74
2" Soil Temp (°F):	56	78
Soil moisture [surface]:	damp	wet
RH %:	95	68
Cloud cover %	100	90
Wind speed (mph)/direction	5-8/E	3-9/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.41	0.4
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	16	20
Nozzle:	XR 11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15
Boom Height (in):	18	22

	Date:	5/21	6/22	
Soybean	Height (in):	-	7	
	Stage:	-	V4	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1-4	
CHEAL	Density:	-	heavy	
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	2-5	
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	heavy	
ABUTH*	Height (in):	-	2-4	
ABUIN	Density:	-	light	
AMARE	Height (in):	-	2-3	
AIVIANE	Density:	-	moderate	
SETFA/SETPU	Height (in):	=	4-7	
JETFA/JETPU	Density:	-	heavy	

^{*}velvetleaf population density was variable within the trial area

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Check					
2	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
3	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	2 oz/a	PRE	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
4	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Outlook	6 lb/gal	15	12 fl oz/a	PRE	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
5	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Zidua	85% w/w	15	1.5 oz/a	PRE	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
6	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Tricor DF	75% w/w	5	5.33 oz/a	PRE	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
7	Sonic	70% w/w	2, 14	6.45 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
8	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Anthem Maxx	4.3 lb/gal	14, 15	2.5 fl oz/a	PRE	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
9	Balance Bean	4 lb/gal	27	3 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Boundary	6.5 lb/gal	5, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			8.5 lb/100 gal	POST	В
10	Authority First DF	70% w/w	2, 14	5 oz/a	PRE	Α

This trial evaluated the weed control and crop safety of Balance Bean tank mixes in Balance GT soybeans (pending EPA approval). The Balance GT trait confers resistance to isoxaflutole (PRE applications only) and glyphosate. Minor soybean injury was observed at 14 and 31 days after the PRE application (Figure 31). Balance Bean herbicide provided excellent control of common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, velvetleaf, and common ragweed (Figure 29). Balance Bean also provided good giant and yellow foxtail control 31 DAT-A (Figure 30). However, the addition of another herbicide to the mix did improve overall control, particularly of yellox foxtail. The POST application of glyphosate was effective at controlling all weeds not controlled by the PRE. Soybean yield was not taken.

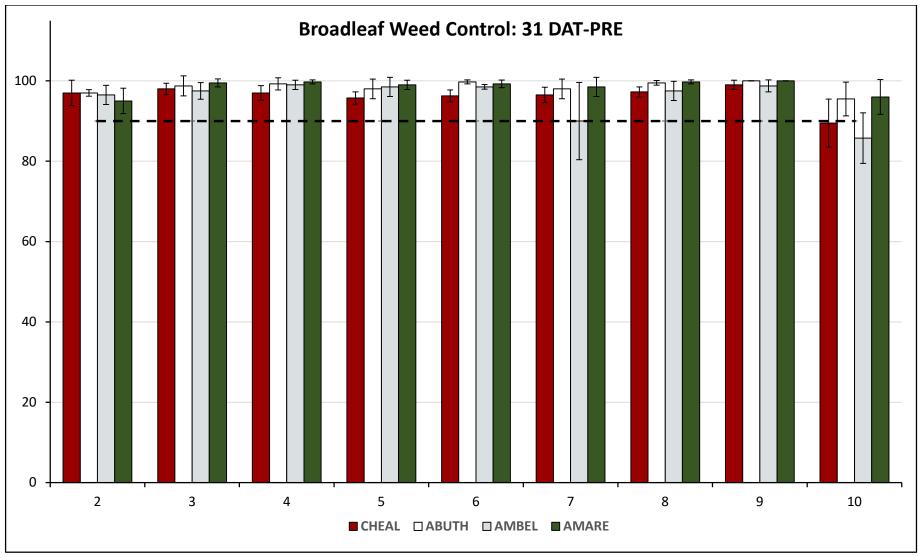


Figure 29. Broadleaf efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB09. Bars or color coded by weed species and indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications 31 days after the PRE application. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

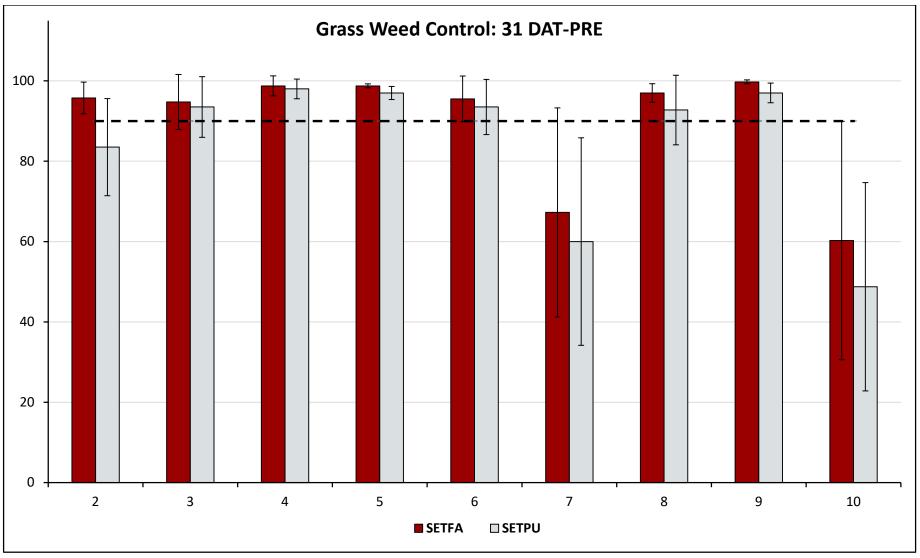


Figure 30. Grass efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB09. Bars or color coded by weed species and indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications 31 days after the PRE application. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

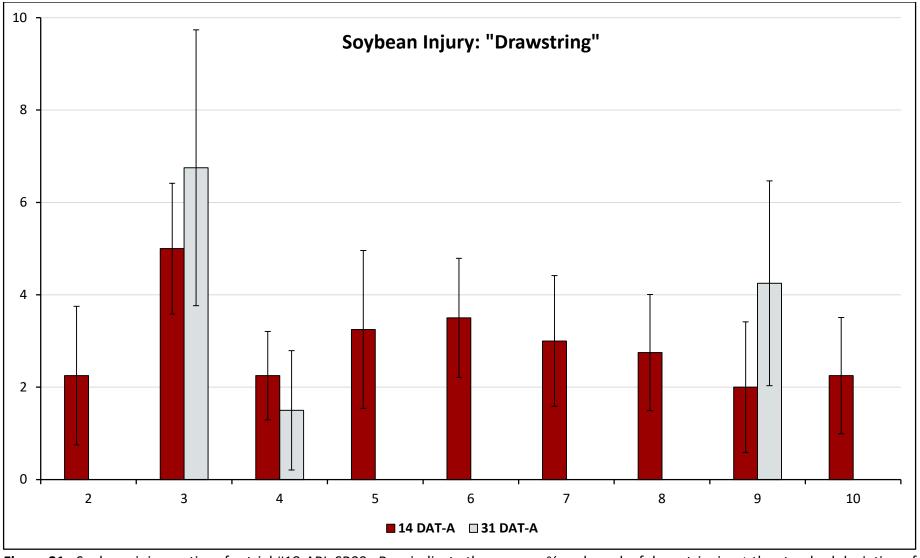


Figure 31. Soybean injury ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB09. Bars indicate the average % soybean leaf drawstringing \pm the standard deviation of four replications on 6/4 and 6/21, 14 and 31 days after the PRE application. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number.

Project Goal: Evaluate the weed control and crop safety of Corteva layered residual herbicide programs in dicamba tolerant soybeans.

Site Description:

Location: Arlington, WI **Crop:** Soybean **Field #:** 453 Variety: P15A63X **Soil type:** Plano silt loam **Planting Date:** 5/16 **% OM:** 3.3 **Emergence Date:** 5/26 **pH**: 7 Population: 140,000 **Depth:** 1.25 in Fertilization: none **Previous crop:** Corn Row spacing: 30 in Plot Size: 10 x 25 ft **Tillage:** conventional

Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), common ragweed (AMBEL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), eastern black nightshade (SOLPT), giant foxtail (SETFA)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/17	6/20
Treatment:	PRE	POST
Air Temp (°F):	74	67
2" Soil Temp (°F):	72	66
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	wet
RH %:	52	86
Cloud cover %	20	100
Wind speed (mph)/direction	6-12/NE	1-4/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.59	0.66
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	17	38
Nozzle:	TTI 11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	20
Boom Height (in):	20	24

	Date:	5/17	6/20*	
Soybean	Height (in):	-		
Soybean	Stage:	-	V3/V4	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1-2	
CHEAL	Density:	-	4-8/m ²	
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	2-8	
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	1-5/m ²	
ABUTH	Height (in):	-	1-4	
ABUIH	Density:	-	1-3/m ²	
SOLPT	Height (in):	-	1-2	
30LP1	Density:	-	1-7/m ²	
SETFA	Height (in):	-	3-8	
JE I FA	Density:	=	15-107/m ²	

^{*}Weed density recorded from untreated checks

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Sonic	70% w/w	2, 14	5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Flexstar	1.88 lb/gal	14	12 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	В
2	Enlite	47.86% w/w	2, 14	2.8 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Flexstar	1.88 lb/gal	14	12 fl oz/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	В
3	Afforia	50.8% w/w	2, 14	2.5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	EverpreX	7.6 lb/gal	15	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	В
4	Surveil	48% w/w	2, 14	3.5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Durango DMA	4 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	В
	EverpreX	7.6 lb/gal	15	1 pt/a	POST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	В
5	Sonic	70% w/w	2, 14	5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	FeXapan	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Abundit Edge	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/a	POST	В
	EverpreX	7.6 lb/gal	15	1 pt/a	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
6	Enlite	47.86% w/w	2, 14	2.8 oz/a	PRE	Α
	FeXapan	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Abundit Edge	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/a	POST	В
	EverpreX	7.6 lb/gal	15	1 pt/a	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
7	Afforia	50.8% w/w	2, 14	2.5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	FeXapan	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Abundit Edge	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/a	POST	В
	EverpreX	7.6 lb/gal	15	1 pt/a	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
8	Surveil	48% w/w	2, 14	3.5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	FeXapan	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Abundit Edge	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/a	POST	В
	EverpreX	7.6 lb/gal	15	1 pt/a	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
9	Untreated Check					

Adjuvants: AMS=Amsol, DRA=Intact

There was no observable soybean injury from the PRE herbicides 21 and 33 days after application. The POST treatments caused varying levels of leaf necrosis at 13 days after application (data not shown). Treatments containing Flexstar showed more injury (7-10% necrosis) than the other POST applied herbicides (2-6% necrosis). Soybeans recovered by 28 days after application as no significant injury was observed. All herbicide treatments were effective at controlling common lambsquarters and eastern black nightshade throughout the entire season (>97% control at all ratings). Velvetleaf, common ragweed, and giant foxtail control varied at 21 and 33 days after the PRE application (Figures 32, 33, 34). All POST applications were effective at controlling all weeds not controlled by the PRE herbicides. POST control was greater than 99% for all species at 13 and 28 days after application (data not shown). Adding an additional residual herbicide to the tank at the POST application was likely not necessary given the weed species in the trial. Layering residual herbicides may be more beneficial in a field with more difficult to control weeds, like waterhemp. Soybean yield did not differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 63 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 27 bu/acre, a 57% reduction.

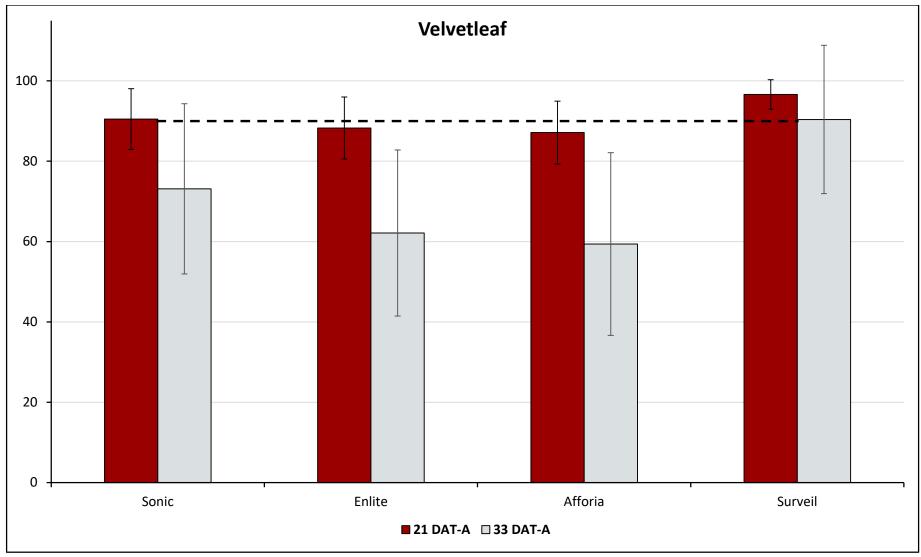


Figure 32. Velvetleaf efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB12. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. The PRE herbicides applied are listed along the x axis. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

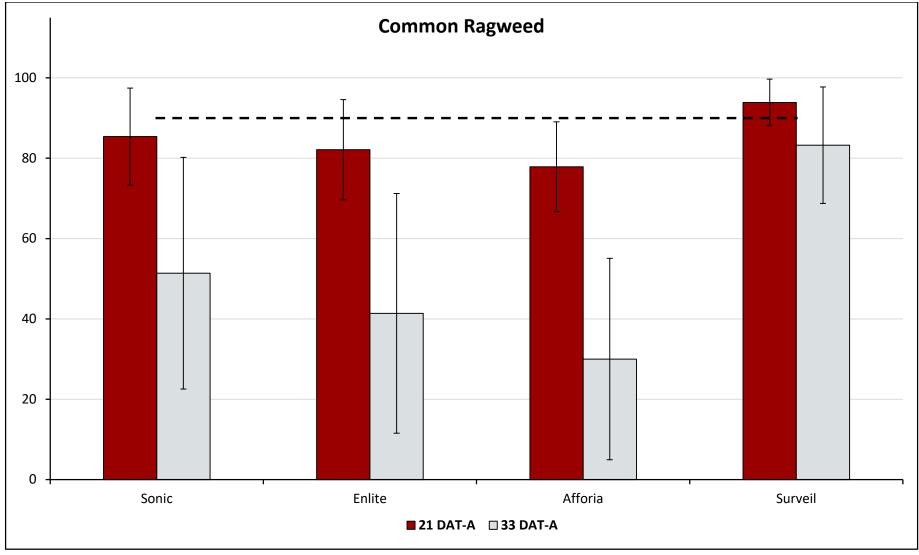


Figure 33. Common ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB12. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. The PRE herbicides applied are listed along the x axis. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

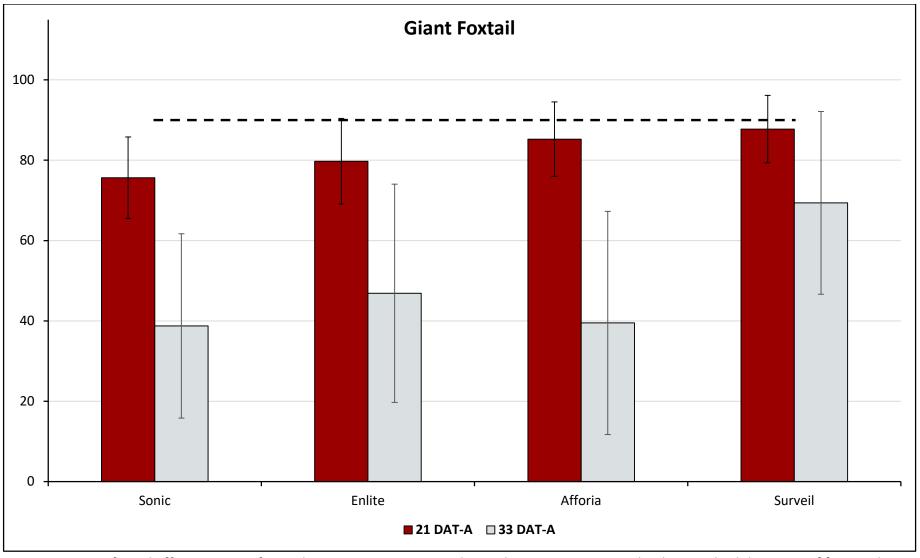


Figure 34. Giant foxtail efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB12. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. The PRE herbicides applied are listed along the x axis. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate the efficacy of glyphosate + dicamba applied POST at different timings in RR2Xtend soybeans and the value of adding a layered group 15 soil-residual herbicide POST.

Site Description:

Location:Janesville, WICrop:SoybeanField #:5Variety:AG21X7Soil type:Planting Date:5/25% OM:2.9Emergence Date:5/30

pH: 6.1 Population: 120,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25Previous crop:CornRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 25 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail (SETVI)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/25	6/20	6/29	7/2
Treatment:	PRE (A)	EPOST (B)	MPOST (C)	LPOST (D)
Air Temp (°F):	92	65	86	82
2" Soil Temp (°F):	80	70	80	72
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	moist	moist	moist
RH %:	42	93	76	83
Cloud cover %	90	95	5	0
Wind speed (mph)/direction	1-7/S	4-6/NE	3-8/S	3-4/NE
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.45	1.51	0.70	0.05
GPA:	15	15	15	15
PSI:	19	21	21	21
Nozzle:	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	23	23	26

	Date:	5/25	6/20	6/29	7/2
Caubaan	Height (in):	-			
Soybean	Stage:	-	V2	V4	R1
AMBTR	Height (in):	-	3	11	12
	Density:	-	1-6/ft ²	1-3/ft ²	1-4/ft ²

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/A	PRE	А
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/A	EPOST	В
	Xtendimax	2.89 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/A	EPOST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	EPOST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	EPOST	В
2	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/A	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/A	MPOST	С
	Xtendimax	2.89 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/A	MPOST	С
	Intact			0.5% v/v	MPOST	С
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	MPOST	С
3	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/A	PRE	А
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/A	LPOST	D
	Xtendimax	2.89 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/A	LPOST	D
	Intact			0.5% v/v	LPOST	D
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	LPOST	D
4	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/A	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/A	EPOST	В
	Xtendimax	2.89 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/A	EPOST	В
	Warrant	3 lba/gal	15	1.5 qt/A	EPOST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	EPOST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	EPOST	В
5	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/A	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/A	MPOST	С
	Xtendimax	2.89 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/A	MPOST	С
	Warrant	3 lba/gal	15	1.5 qt/A	MPOST	С
	Intact			0.5% v/v	MPOST	С
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	MPOST	С
6	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/A	PRE	Α
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28 fl oz/A	LPOST	D
	Xtendimax	2.89 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/A	LPOST	D
	Warrant	3 lba/gal	15	1.5 qt/A	LPOST	D
	Intact			0.5% v/v	LPOST	D
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	LPOST	D
7	Valor SX	51% WG	14	3 oz/A	PRE	А
8	Untreated Check					

Adjuvants: DRA=Intact; non-AMS water conditioner= Class Act Ridion

Results:

Table 2: 2018 weed control (%) and grain yield (bu/A) at Janesville, WI. Systems approach to weed control in Xtend soybeans.*

		Janesville, WI		
Trt		Weed control**	Grain yield***	
#	Herbicide Program	(%)	(bu/A)	
1	PRE fb E POST (gly + dicamba)	97 A	63 A	
2	PRE fb Mid POST (gly + dicamba)	99 A	61 A	
3	PRE fb L POST (gly + dicamba)	99 A	56 A	
4	PRE fb E POST (gly + dicamba + residual)	96 A	65 A	
5	PRE fb Mid POST (gly + dicamba + residual)	99 A	56 A	
6	PRE fb L POST (gly + dicamba + residual)	99 A	57 A	
7	PRE-only	67 B	17 B	
8	CHECK	0 C	12 B	

^{*}means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at p \leq 0.05

Trial Summary:

This study was conducted to evaluate the efficacy of glyphosate + dicamba applied POST at different timings in RR2Xtend soybeans and the value of adding a layered group 15 soil-residual herbicide POST. Visual control and weed biomass collected 28 days after final POST treatment showed no significant difference in visual control for all PRE fb POST treatments, regardless of POST application timing, while the PRE-only treatment only had 67% control of giant ragweed, the dominant weed pressure (data not shown). The addition of acetochlor in combination with dicamba + glyphosate did not enhance the giant ragweed control when compared to glyphosate + dicamba for this site-year. Likewise, weed biomass showed no significant difference between all PRE fb POST treatments (Table 2). Significant reduction in giant ragweed seed production was observed for PRE fb POST treatments, although some seed was collected from plots receiving an early POST treatment. There was no significant yield difference for all PRE fb POST treatments (Table 2). This study was replicated at two other sites in 2018 and will be replicated in 2019.

Future Directions:

This study is a component of Sarah Striegel's MS research. In addition to the efficacy and yield data, this study is also investigating the potential off-target movement of dicamba. One hour after each POST application, indicator soybean plants (RR2Y trait) were placed approximately 1 foot above canopy secured to posts. Plants remained in field until 72 hours after POST application and were transported to greenhouse and grown until 28 d after exposure. At that time, visual injury (%) was recorded. Observed visual injury was correlated with site-specific weather parameters (monitored with Watchdog station) including air temperature, soil temperature, relative humidity, and precipitation.

^{**}Weed control data collected on 7/30/18

^{***}Grain yield was corrected to 13% moisture

Project Goal: Compare Syngenta PRE herbicide programs followed by Tavium to similar competitor programs.

Site Description:

Location:Arlington, WICrop:SoybeanField #:453Variety:AG24X7Soil type:Plano silt loamPlanting Date:5/16% OM:3.3Emergence Date:5/26pH:7Population:140,000Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 in

Tillage: conventional Plot Size: 10 x 25 ft
Weed species: common lambsquarters (CHEAL), common ragweed (AMBEL), velvetleaf

(ABUTH), giant foxtail (SETFA)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/17	6/12
Treatment:	PRE	POST
Air Temp (°F):	74	80
2" Soil Temp (°F):	72	80
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	moist
RH %:	52	68
Cloud cover %	20	100
Wind speed (mph)/direction	6-12/NE	1-4/WSW
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.59	2.15
GPA:	15	15
PSI:	17	33
Nozzle:	TTI 11002	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	20
Boom Height (in):	20	22

	Date:	5/17	6/12*	
Souboon	Height (in):	-	3-5	
Soybean	Stage:	=	V1	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1	
CHEAL	Density:	=	0-1/m ²	
AMBEL	Height (in):	-	1-4	
AIVIDEL	Density:	-	1-5/m ²	
ADUTU	Height (in):	-	1-3	
ABUTH	Density:	-	0-5/m ²	
SETFA	Height (in):	-	1-4	
SEIFA	Density:	-	4-25/m ²	

^{*}Weed density recorded from plots with a PRE herbicide. Density varied depending on the effectiveness of the PRE.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Untreated Check	-	-		- 5	
2	Boundary	6.5 lb/gal	5, 15	1.8 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Tavium	3.4 Ibae/gal	4, 15	56.5 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28.4 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
3	Broadaxe XC	7 lb/gal	14, 15	25 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Tavium	3.4 Ibae/gal	4, 15	56.5 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28.4 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
4	Prefix	5.29 lb/gal	14, 15	2 pt/a	PRE	Α
	Tavium	3.4 Ibae/gal	4, 15	56.5 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28.4 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
5	Valor XLT	40.3% w/w	2, 14	3 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28.4 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
6	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	4.5 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Engenia	5 Ibae/gal	4	12.8 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	28.4 fl oz/a	POST	В
	Class Act Ridion			1.0% v/v	POST	В
	Intact			0.5% v/v	POST	В
7	Authority First	70% w/w	2, 14	5 oz/a	PRE	Α
	Flexstar GT	3.5 lb/gal	9, 14	3.5 pt/a	POST	В
	MSO			1.0% v/v	POST	В
	AMS			2.5% v/v	POST	В

Adjuvants: AMS=Amsol, Non-AMS water conditioner=Class Act Ridion, DRA=Intact, MSO=Premium MSO

Tavium plus VaporGrip Technology is a new premix formulation of two herbicide active ingredients, dicamba and S-metolachlor, from Syngenta (pending EPA approval). There was minor soybean injury (drawstringing) from the PRE herbicides 18 DAT. The POST treatments caused varying levels of leaf necrosis at 7 and 13 days after application (Figure 38). All herbicide treatments were effective at controlling common lambsquarters throughout the entire season (>98% control at all ratings). Velvetleaf, common ragweed, and giant foxtail control varied at 26 days after the PRE application (Figures 35, 36, 37). All POST applications were effective at controlling all weeds not controlled by the PRE herbicides. POST control remained above 90% for all species at 13 and 28 days after application. Giant foxtail control did decrease slightly at the 28 DAT-B rating in the treatments without a layered residual (treatments 5, 6, 7). Adding an additional residual herbicide to the tank at the POST application was likely not necessary given the weed species in the trial. Layering residual herbicides may be more beneficial in a field with more difficult to control weeds, like waterhemp. Soybean yield did not differ among the herbicide treatments (data not shown). Yield across all herbicide treatments was 62 bu/acre, while the untreated check was 11 bu/acre, an 82% reduction.

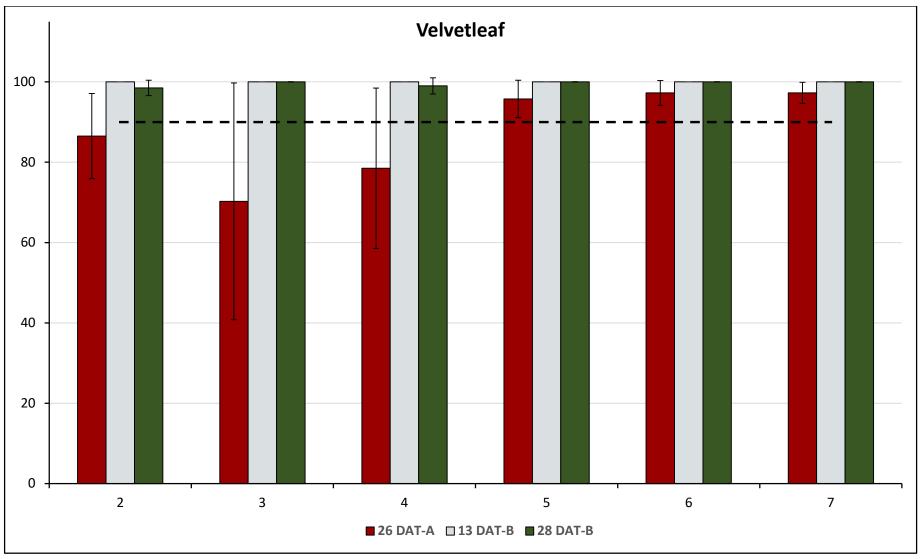


Figure 35. Velvetleaf efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB14. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

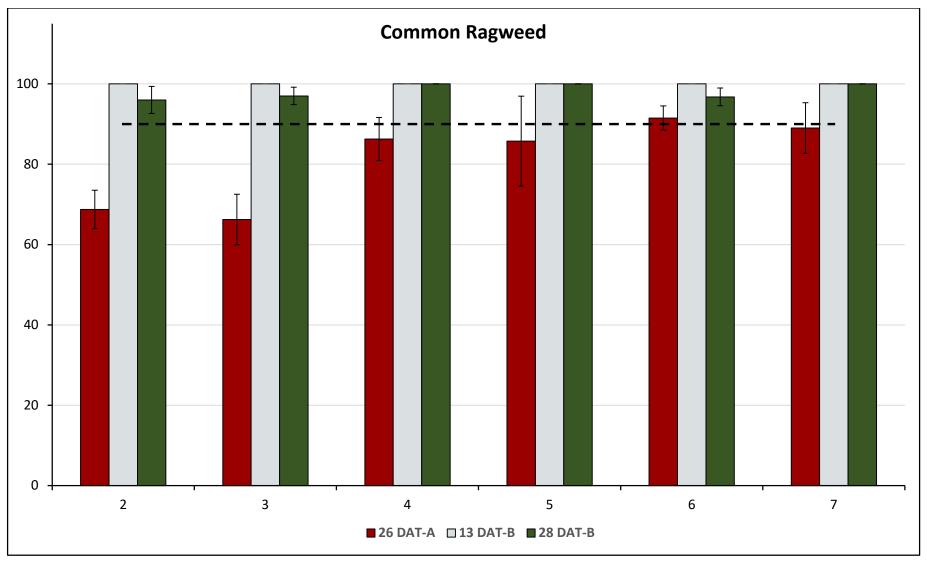


Figure 36. Common ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB14. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

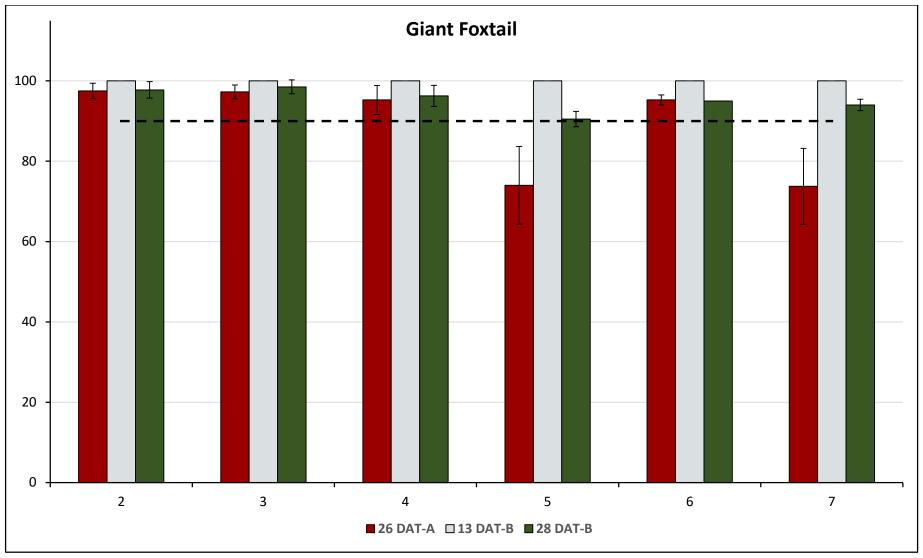


Figure 37. Giant foxtail efficacy ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB14. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

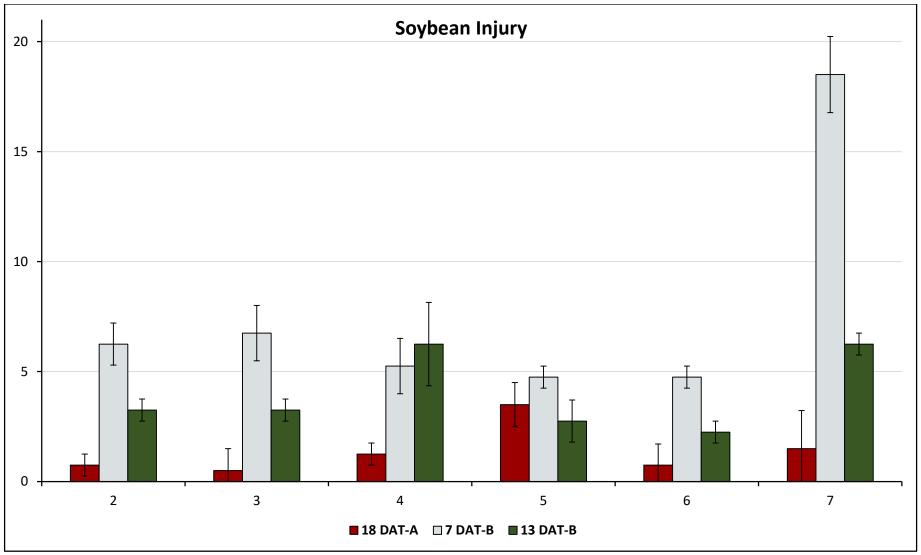


Figure 38. Soybean injury ratings for trial #18-ARL-SB14. Bars indicate the average % soybean injury ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Leaf drawstringing was the injury observed at 18 DAT-A. Leaf necrosis was rated at 7 and 13 DAT-B. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number

Project Goal: Evaluate Engenia PRO applied PRE/EPOST against similar competitive premix programs.

Site Description:

Location:Janesville, WICrop:SoybeanField #:5Variety:P24A80XSoil type:Plano silt loamPlanting Date:5/25% OM:2.9Emergence Date:5/30

pH: 6.1 Population: 120,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 25 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail (SETVI)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/25	6/15	6/23
Treatment:	PRE	EPOST	POST
Air Temp (°F):	92	72	84
2" Soil Temp (°F):	80	68	90
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	wet	moist
RH %:	42	83	47
Cloud cover %	90	80	20
Wind speed (mph)/direction	1-7/S	4-7/SE	3-4/SW
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.45	3.71	0.96
GPA:	15	15	15
PSI:	19	18	21
Nozzle:	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	TTI 110015
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15
Boom Height (in):	20	23	23

	Date:	5/25	6/15*	6/23*
Cowhoon	Height (in):	-	4-5	-
Soybean	Stage:	-	V1	V3
ANADTD	Height (in):	-	1-4	1-6
AMBTR	Density:	-	2-24/m ²	8-29/m ²
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	1-2	1-3
CHEAL	Density:	-	5-20/m ²	11-30/m ²
ANAADE	Height (in):	-	1-2	1-3
AMARE	Density:	-	0-6/m ²	0-19/m ²
SETFA/SETVI	Height (in):	-	1-3	1-5
SEIFA/SEIVI	Density:	-	1-10/m ²	1-13/m ²

^{*}Weed density recorded from check plots. AMBTR density was heavier in rep 4. Height measurements were taken from weeds in plot with a PRE application.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Untreated Check	-			-	
2	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Engenia	5 Ibae/gal	4	12.8 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
3	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
4	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	POST	С
	Induce			0.25% v/v	POST	С
5	Zidua SC	4.17 lb/gal	15	3.3 fl oz	PRE	Α
	Tricor	75% w/w	5	0.67 lb/a	PRE	Α
	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
6	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Dual II Magnum	7.64 lb/gal	15	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
7	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Dual II Magnum	7.64 lb/gal	15	16 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Dual II Magnum	7.64 lb/gal	15	16 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
8	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Warrant	3 lb/gal	15	48 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В
9	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Warrant	3 lb/gal	15	48 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Xtendimax	2.9 Ibae/gal	4	22 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Warrant	3 lb/gal	15	48 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	EPOST	В
	Induce			0.25% v/v	EPOST	В

Adjuvants: NIS=Induce

Engenia PRO is a new premix formulation of two herbicide active ingredients, dicamba and pyroxasulfone, from BASF (pending EPA approval). There was no observable soybean injury from the PRE herbicides 21 DAT. All herbicide treatments were effective at controlling common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, and the foxtail species throughout the entire season (>97% control at all ratings) (data not shown). Giant ragweed control differed among the treatments on 6/15 and 7/30, 21 DAT-A and 45 DAT-B, respectively (Figure 39). All PRE herbicide treatments containing dicamba had adequate giant ragweed control 21 DAT-A (>85%), while treatment 5 (no dicamba) had almost no control (8%). All POST herbicides were effective at controlling emerged giant ragweed; however, a new flush emerged after the EPOST application. This is evident in the control ratings of all EPOST treatments at 45 days after application (54-68%). In this trial, delaying the POST application by 8 days greatly improved giant ragweed control later in the season (98%). The delay in application allowed more giant ragweed to emerge and be controlled by the POST herbicide. Soybean yield was not taken.

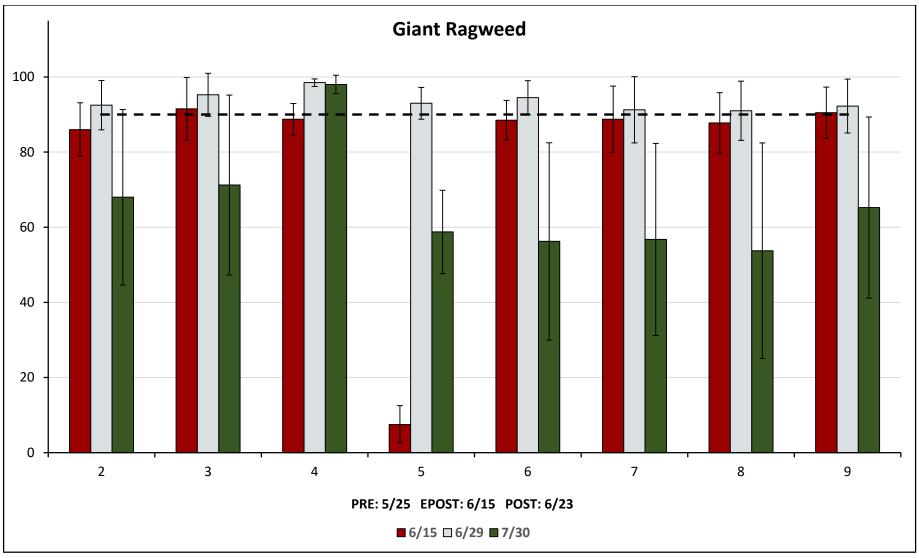


Figure 39. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-SB16. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Compare efficacy of herbicide programs when Engenia/Engenia PRO is not used past V2/V3 soybean.

Site Description:

Location:Janesville, WICrop:SoybeanField #:5Variety:P24A80XSoil type:Planting Date:5/25% OM:2.9Emergence Date:5/30

pH: 6.1 Population: 120,000 seeds/acre

Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 inPrevious crop:CornRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 25 ft

Weed species: giant ragweed (AMBTR), common lambsquarters (CHEAL), redroot pigweed

(AMARE), giant foxtail (SETFA), green foxtail (SETVI)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date:	5/25	6/1	6/23	7/2	
Treatment:	PRE	VEPOST	MPOST	LPOST	
Air Temp (°F):	92	71	90	83	
2" Soil Temp (°F):	80	80	86	72	
Soil moisture [surface]:	moist	moist	moist	moist	
RH %:	42	73	51	83	
Cloud cover %	90	5	25	0	
Wind speed (mph)/direction	1-7/S	5-11/NNE	3-5/W	2-3/NE	
Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP:	0.45	0.37	0.96	0.05	
GPA:	15	15	15	15	
PSI:	19	21	21	21	
Nozzle:	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	TTI 110015	
Nozzle spacing (in):	15	15	15	15	
Boom Height (in):	20	23	23	26	

	Date:	5/25	6/1*	6/23*	7/2
Couloon	Height (in):	-	1	-	9-10
Soybean	Stage:	-	VC	V3	V5/R1
ANADTD	Height (in):	-		4-8	
AMBTR	Density:	-	.25-2/m2	1-4/m ²	
CHEAL	Height (in):	-	-	1-2	_
CHEAL	Density:	-	sparse	14-34/m ²	
ANAADE	Height (in):	-	-	1-4	_
AMARE	Density:	-	sparse	0-17/m ²	
SETFA/SETVI	Height (in):	-	-	1-5	
SEIFA/SEIVI	Density:	-	sparse	1-13/m ²	

^{*}Weed density recorded from check plots. Very few weeds had emerged by the 6/1 application even in the checks. AMBTR density was heavier in rep 4.

Trt			SOA		Арр	Арр
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
1	Untreated Check					
2	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
3	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Flexstar GT	3.5 lb/gal	9, 14	3.5 pts/a	LPOST	D
	COC			1.0 % v/v	LPOST	D
	AMS			12 lb/100 gal	LPOST	D
4	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Flexstar GT	3.5 lb/gal	9, 14	3.5 pts/a	LPOST	D
	Outlook	6 lb/gal	15	10 fl oz/a	LPOST	D
	COC			1.0% v/v	LPOST	D
	AMS			12lb/100 gal	LPOST	D
5	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	LPOST	D
	AMS			12 lb/100 gal	LPOST	D
6	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	LPOST	D
	Outlook	6 lb/gal	15	10 fl oz/a	LPOST	D
	AMS		-	12 lb/100 gal	LPOST	D
7	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	4.5 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Engenia PRO	11 / 1	4, 15	16 fl oz/a	MPOST	C
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	MPOST	C
	NIS			0.25% v/v	MPOST	С
8	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	6 fl oz/a	PRE	Α
	Engenia	5 Ibae/gal	4	12.8 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	NIS	4.00 !! / !	2 44 45	0.25% v/v	MPOST	С
9	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	6 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Engenia PRO	4 E llana /sal	4, 15	16 fl oz/a	MPOST	C
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	MPOST	C
10	NIS	4.00 lb /==1	2 14 15	0.25% v/v	MPOST	C
10	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	6 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Engenia	5 lbae/gal	4	12.8 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 lbae/gal	9 15	32 fl oz/a	MPOST	C
	Outlook AMS	6 lb/gal	15	10 fl oz/a	MPOST	C C
11		4.00 lb/col	2 14 15	12 lb/100 gal	MPOST	
11	Zidua PRO	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14, 15	4.5 fl oz/a 12.8 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Engenia Poundup PowerMax	5 lbae/gal	4 9	32 fl oz/a	PRE	A
	Roundup PowerMax Outlook	4.5 lbae/gal	9 15	32 11 02/a 10 fl oz/a	MPOST MPOST	C C
		6 lb/gal	15			C
	AMS			12 lb/100 gal	MPOST	C

Adjuvants: COC=Agri-Dex, NIS=Induce

Trt			SOA		Арр	App
#	Treatment	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing	Code
12	Engenia	5 Ibae/gal	4	12.8 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Pursuit	2 lb/gal	2	3 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Zidua SC	4.12 lb/gal	15	3.3 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	LPOST	D
	Outlook	6 lb/gal	15	10 fl oz/a	LPOST	D
	AMS			12 lb/100 gal	LPOST	D
13	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	VEPOST	В
	Engenia PRO		4, 15	16 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	Roundup PowerMax	4.5 Ibae/gal	9	32 fl oz/a	MPOST	С
	Induce			0.25% v/v	MPOST	С

Adjuvants: COC=Agri-Dex, NIS=Induce

Trial Summary:

Engenia PRO is a new premix formulation of two herbicide active ingredients, dicamba and pyroxasulfone, from BASF (pending EPA approval). All 2-pass herbicide programs were effective at controlling common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, and the foxtail species throughout the entire season (>98% control at all ratings) (data not shown). In treatment 2, the only 1-pass program, control of these species decreased slightly at the 7/2 rating. Giant ragweed control differed among the various treatments and application timings (Figure 40). All POST herbicides were effective at controlling emerged giant ragweed; however, new flushes did emerge after the VEPOST and MPOST applications. In conclusion, it is possible to achieve good to excellent giant ragweed control by applying dicamba early in the growing season (before V4) as part of a 2-pass program. Soybean yield was not taken.

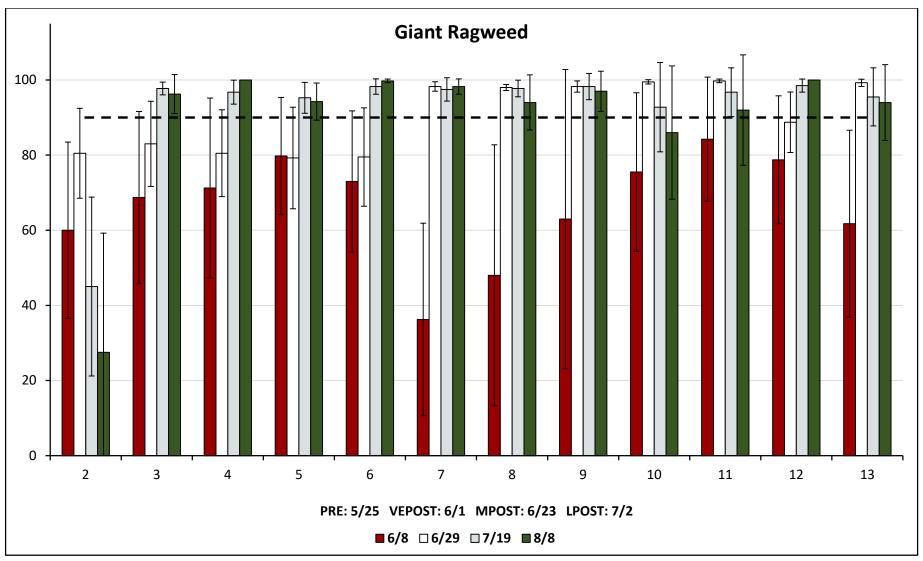


Figure 40. Giant ragweed efficacy ratings for trial #18-ROK-SB17. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard deviation of four replications following herbicide applications. Numbers on the x-axis correspond to the herbicide treatment list for the respective trial number. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Project Goal: Evaluate weed control and biomass reduction by single mode of action PREemergence soybean herbicides.

Site Description:

Location:Arlington, WICrop:SoybeanField #:370Variety:AG17X7Soil type:Saybrook silt loamPlanting Date:6/11% OM:2.9Emergence Date:~6/16pH:6.5Population:140,000tilization:noneDepth:1.25 in

Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 inPrevious crop:cornRow spacing:30 inTillage:conventionalPlot Size:10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common purslane (POROL), giant foxtail (SETFA), barnyardgrass (ECHCG)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date: 6/12
Treatment: PRE
Air Temp (°F): 73

2" Soil Temp (°F): 72
Soil moisture [surface]: moist

RH %: 78

Cloud cover % 99

Wind speed (mph)/direction 2-4/SW Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 2.15

GPA: 15 **PSI**: 19

Nozzle: XR 11002

Nozzle spacing (in): 15
Boom Height (in): 20

Trt				SOA		Арр
#	Treatment	Trade Name	Formulation	Group	Rate	Timing
1	Untreated Check					
2	imazethapyr	Pursuit	2 lb/gal	2	4 fl oz/a	PRE
3	cholorimuron-ethyl	Classic	25% w/w	2	3 oz/a	PRE
4	cloransulam-methyl	FirstRate	84% w/w	2	0.6 oz/a	PRE
5	metribuzin	Tricor DF	75% w/w	5	0.67 lb/a	PRE
6	sulfentrazon	Spartan	4 lb/gal	14	8 fl oz/a	PRE
7	flumioxazin	Valor SX	51% w/w	14	3 oz/a	PRE
8	saflufenacil	Sharpen	2.85 lb/gal	14	1 fl oz/a	PRE
9	acetochlor	Warrant	3 lb/gal	15	1.5 qt/a	PRE
10	S-metolachlor	Dual II Magnum	7.64 lb/gal	15	1.67 pt/a	PRE
11	dimethenamid	Outlook	6 lb/gal	15	18 fl oz/a	PRE
12	pyroxasulfone	Zidua	85% w/w	15	3 oz/a	PRE

Most PRE-emergence herbicides tested herein significantly reduced early-season weed competition. Dimethenamid was the least effective treatment providing less than 50% of weed biomass reduction at the end of the season (Figure 41). Herbicide efficacy varied according to the species evaluated (Figure 42). Group 2 herbicides provided excellent level of common purslane and grasses control, which are the most predominant species at this site. Saflufenacil provided moderate level of common purslane control but good level of grass control.

Future Directions:

This study is a component of Victor Ribeiros's MS research. Soil samples were collected, and a bioassay was conducted in order to investigate the persistence of these herbicides in the soil using troublesome weed species and cover crops as bioindicators. Studies will be replicated in 2019. Results will allow us to model and further understand residual activity over time for the herbicides included in this study.

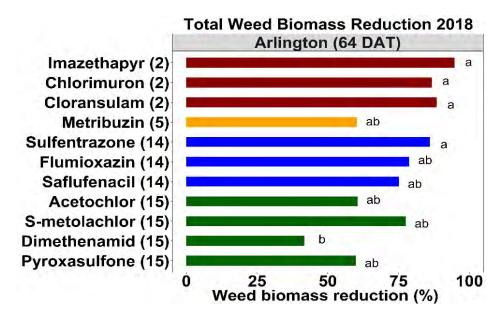


Figure 41. Total weed biomass reduction (%) at Arlington 64 DAT. Average \pm standard error biomass of Untreated check: 56 ± 7 g m⁻² at Arlington.

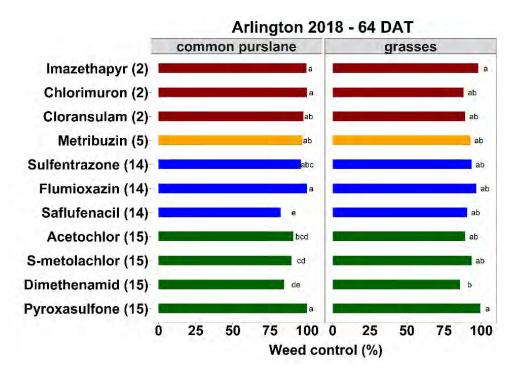


Figure 42. Efficacy (%) of PRE-emergence soybean herbicides on control of common purslane and grasses at Arlington 64 days after treatment. The number in parenhesis following the herbicide active ingredient indicates the site of action group number.

Trial: UW Waterhemp Challenge: Comparison of Soil Residual Herbicides # 18-LAN-WC02

Project Goal: Evaluate and demonstrate the effectiveness of multiple PRE-emergence soybean herbicides.

Site Description:

Location:Lancaster, WICrop:SoybeanField #:-Variety:AG21X7Soil type:Fayette silt loamPlanting Date:5/24% OM:2.4Emergence Date:5/29pH:7.3Population:145,000Fertilization:noneDepth:1.25 in

Previous crop: Corn Row spacing: 30 in

Tillage: conventional Plot Size: 10 x 25 ft

Weed species: common waterhemp (AMATU), common lambsquarters (CHEAL)

Herbicide Application Information:

Date: 5/25 **Treatment:** PRE

Air Temp (°F): 78 **2" Soil Temp (°F):** 70

Soil moisture [surface]: dry

RH %: 67

Cloud cover % 40

Wind speed (mph)/direction 1-3/NW Rainfall (in) 1 wk after APP: 0.83

1 wk after APP: 0.83 **GPA:** 15

PSI: 26

Nozzle: XR 11002 spacing (in): 20

Nozzle spacing (in): 20 Boom Height (in): 20

Lancaster Agricultural Research Station Field History:

Waterhemp was first observed in 2008 at the trial site. According to station records, waterhemp was first seen in a grass waterway approaching from a neighboring CRP field. Waterhemp remained mostly unnoticed until soybeans were planted in 2013. At this point, the population had intensified and has since been an issue; research trials have severely limited management options.

Crop Rotation and Herbicide Use

CIUPI	Crop Rotation and Herbicide Ose							
Year	Crop	Herbicide Program	Tillage					
2013	Soybean	PPI: Prowl (1.75 pt/a) + Pursuit Plus (1.25 qt/a) POST: managed for research	field cultivation					
2014	Corn	PRE: Lumax EX (3 qt/a) POST: none	verticle tillage					
2015	Corn	POST: Roundup PowerMax (29 fl oz/a)						
2016	Corn	POST: Roundup PowerMax (29 fl oz/a)	no-till, cover crop					
2017	Corn	PRE: Lumax EZ (3 qt/a) POST: Roundup PowerMax (29 oz/a)	research					

Trt				SOA	
#	Treatment	Active Ingredient(s)	Formulation	Group	Rate
1	Untreated Check			•	
2	Pursuit	imazethapyr	2 lb/gal	2	4 fl oz/a
3	Classic	chlorimuron	25% w/w	2	3 oz/a
4	FirstRate	cloransulam	84% w/w	2	0.6 oz/a
5	Tricor DF	metribuzin	75% w/w	5	10.7 oz/a
6	Spartan	sulfentrazone	4 lb/gal	14	8 fl oz/a
7	Valor SX	flumioxazin	51% w/w	14	3 oz/a
8	Sharpen	saflufenacil	2.85 lb/gal	14	1 fl oz/a
9	Warrant	acetochlor	3 lb/gal	15	24 fl oz/a
10	Warrant	acetochlor	3 lb/gal	15	48 fl oz/a
11	Dual II Magnum	S-metolachlor	7.64 lb/gal	15	13.4 fl oz/a
12	Dual II Magnum	S-metolachlor	7.64 lb/gal	15	26.7 fl oz/a
13	Outlook	dimethenamid-P	6 lb/gal	15	9 fl oz/a
14	Outlook	dimethenamid-P	6 lb/gal	15	18 fl oz/a
15	Zidua	pyroxasulfone	85% w/w	15	1.5 oz/a
16	Zidua	pyroxasulfone	85% w/w	15	3 oz/a
17	Authority Assist	imazethapyr + sulfentrazone	4 lb/gal	2, 14	10 fl oz/a
18	Sonic	cloransulam + sulfentrazone	70% w/w	2, 14	6.45 oz/a
19	Surveil	cloransulam + flumioxazin	48% w/w	2, 14	3.5 oz/a
20	Valor XLT	chlorimuron + flumioxazin	40.3% w/w	2, 14	3 oz/a
21	Broadaxe XC	sulfentrazone +S-metolachlor	7 lb/gal	14, 15	25 fl oz/a
22	Authority MTZ	metribuzin + sulfentrazone	45% w/w	5, 14	12 oz/a
23	Authority Supreme	sulfentrazone+ pyroxasulfone	4.16 lb/gal	14, 15	8 fl oz/a
24	Verdict	saflufenacil + dimethenamid	5.57 lb/gal	14, 15	5 fl oz/a
25	Prefix	fomesafen + S-metolachlor	5.29 lb/gal	14, 15	32 fl oz/a
26	Fierce	flumioxazin + pyroxasulfone	76% w/w	14, 15	3.75 oz/a
27	Boundary	metribuzin + S-metolachlor	6.5 lb/gal	5, 15	28.8 fl oz/a
28	Canopy DF	chlorimuron + metribuzin	75% w/w	2, 5	2.25 oz/a
29	Enlite	chlorimuron +	47.9% w/w	2, 14	2.8 oz/a
		theifensulfuron + flumioxazin			
30	Afforia	thifensulfuron + tribenuron +	50.8% w/w	2, 14	2.5 oz/a
		flumioxazin			
31	Trivence	chlorimuron + metribuzin +	61.3% w/w	2, 5, 14	6 oz/a
		flumioxazin			
32	Zidua PRO	imazethapyr + saflufenacil +	4.09 lb/gal	2, 14,	6 fl oz/a
		pyroxasulfone		15	
33	Fierce XLT	chlorimuron + flumioxazin +	62.4% w/w	2, 14,	4 oz/a
		pyroxasulfone		15	
34	Fierce MTZ				
	(Fierce +	flumioxazin + pyroxasulfone	76% w/w +	14, 15	3 oz/a +
	metribuzin co-pack)	+ metribuzin	4 lb/gal	5	6 fl oz/a

This study was a joint effort between the UW-Madison Nutrient and Pest Management Program (NPM; Dan Smith and Richard Proost) and the WiscWeed team. The study was conducted at UW Lancaster Ag Research Station, in Lancaster, Grant County, southwest WI in a field with natural and significant waterhemp and common lambsquarters infestation. Treatments consisted of PRE-emergence soybean herbicides containing one, two and three different active ingredients and/or sites of action. Since we wanted to evaluate the residual activity of the PRE-emergence herbicide treatments throughout the season, no POST-emergence herbicides were sprayed to the research plots. Our intent was not to promote one product versus another, instead, demonstrate the value of using an effective PRE-emergence herbicide program.

While these results should be taken with a grain of salt (only one year of data), they clearly indicate the value of PRE-emergence herbicides and the programs that don't work. Moreover, the herbicide rates used in the study are the ones recommended by our industry colleagues and supported by us for a typical Wisconsin Silt Loam soil, thus, valuable information for decision-makers.

Key Take Home Points from 2018 Data:

- Several PRE-emergence soybean herbicides evaluated provided good levels of waterhemp and lambsquarters control. The onset of waterhemp emergence in the research site was noticed in the first week of June. Because of excessive rainfall in the spring, soybean planting was delayed and happened on 05/24/2018 at the research site; thus, the application of our PRE-emergence treatments (05/25/2018) matched the time waterhemp started to emerge, explaining the overall satisfactory level of weed control observed in most treatments (perfect timing!).
- Group 2 herbicides (e.g., Pursuit, Classic, First Rate) applied alone were effective on lambsquarters but NOT on waterhemp. The use of imazethapyr (e.g., Pursuit, Extreme, Thundermaster), which is a common practice in Wisconsin, did not provide satisfactory control of waterhemp. When using imazethapyr (which is an effective herbicide for control of several weed species) as part of the PREemergence herbicide program for waterhemp control, the tank mixture with or selection of herbicides that contain other effective active ingredient(s) is recommended.
- PRE-emergence herbicide programs containing multiple effective sites of action are recommended to broaden weed control spectrum and to lower selection for additional herbicide resistance.

For the complete publication of the 2018 Preliminary Report of the "UW Waterhemp Challenge: Comparison of Soil Residual Herbicides" (PDF file) click HERE or visit wiscweeds.info for the accompying blog post and pdf link.

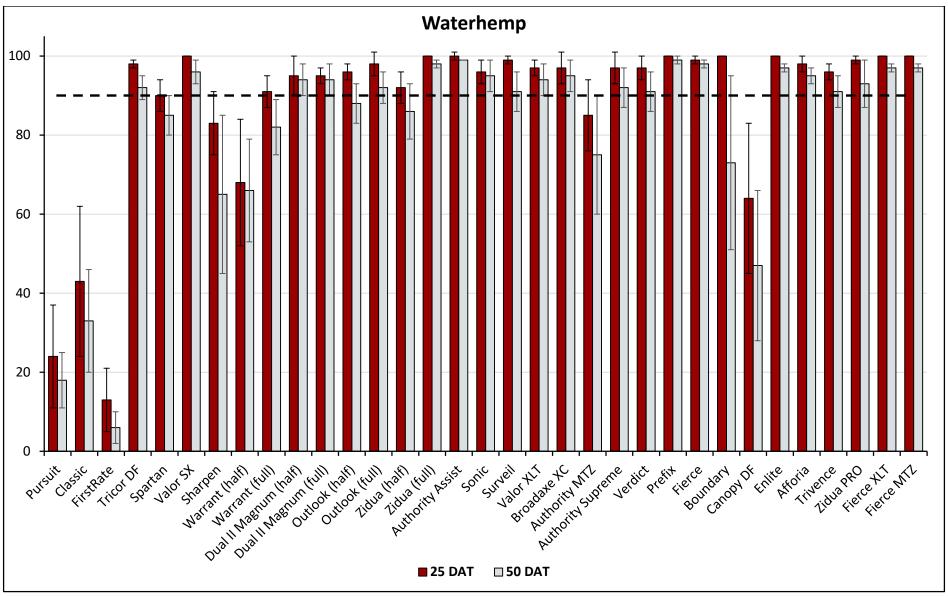


Figure 43. Waterhemp efficacy ratings for trial #18-LAN-WC02. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard error of four replications following herbicide applications. The herbicides evaluated are listed along the x-axis. For rates used, refer to the treatment table on page 103. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

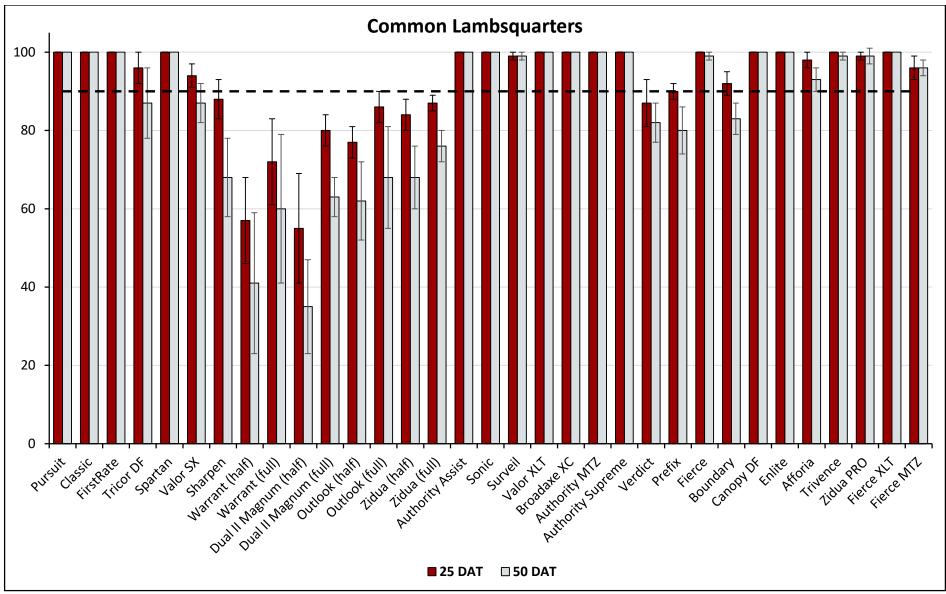


Figure 44. Common lambsquarters efficacy ratings for trial #18-LAN-WCO2. Bars indicate the average % control ± the standard error of four replications following herbicide applications. The herbicides evaluated are listed along the x-axis. For rates used, refer to the treatment table on page 103. The dashed line indicates 90% control.

Table 3. 2018 Temperature and Precipitation Summary

		Precipitation (in)		Avera	ge Tempera	ture (F)	
	-		30-year	2018		30-year	2018
Location	Month	2018*	norm**	departure	2018*	norm**	departure
Arlington	May	7.11	3.69	3.42	64.5	55.7	8.8
	June	4.84	4.68	0.16	68.6	65.6	3.0
	July	2.08	4.16	-2.08	71.6	69.4	2.1
	August	8.76	3.90	4.86	70.4	67.3	3.1
	September	4.65	3.54	1.11	63.0	59.3	3.7
	Total	27.44	19.97	+7.47	-	-	-
Janesville	May	5.76	3.80	1.96	65.3	58.7	6.6
(Beloit)	June	7.15	4.73	2.42	69.6	68.6	1.0
	July	3.33	3.85	-0.52	72.0	72.5	-0.5
	August	10.2	4.27	5.93	71.3	70.8	0.5
	September	8.69	3.65	5.04	64.7	62.9	1.5
	Total	35.14	20.30	+14.84	-	-	-
Lancaster	May	6.41	4.13	2.28	64.7	57.3	7.4
	June	6.37	5.26	1.11	69.6	66.9	2.7
	July	5.38	4.32	1.06	71.7	70.8	0.9
	August	9.09	4.20	4.89	70.8	69.0	1.8
	September	12.13	3.14	8.99	64.0	60.8	3.2
	Total	39.38	21.05	+18.33	-	-	-

^{*2018} data recorded from on-site weather stations.

^{**}Source: Wisconsin State Climatology Office; 30-year normals from 1981 to 2010.

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Figure 5	Giant ragweed control with a 2-pass herbicide program	CN03	13
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Figure 8	Lambsquarters control with 1 and 2-pass programs	CN04	19
Figure 9	Corn injury from EPOST applied herbicides	CN04	20
Figure 10	Velvetleaf control with EPOST herbicides	CN06	24
Figure 11	Corn injury from EPOST applied herbicides	CN06	25
Figure 12	Giant ragweed control with 1 and 2-pass programs	CN07	29
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Figure 21	Common ragweed control with PRE herbicides	SB06	57
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Figure 35	Velvetleaf control with a 2-pass program: Syngenta	SB14	87
Figure 36	Common ragweed with a 2-pass program: Syngenta	SB14	88
Figure 37	Giant foxtail control with a 2-pass program: Syngenta	SB14	89
Figure 38	Soybean injury from PRE and POST applied herbicides	SB14	90
Figure 39	Giant ragweed control with dicamba in 2-pass programs	SB16	94
Figure 40	Giant ragweed control with dicamba in 2-pass programs	SB17	98
Figure 41	Weed biomass reduction from single MOA PRE herb.	SB19	101
Figure 42	Purslane and grass control from single MOA PRE herb.	SB19	101
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Index of Weed Species Evaluated

Weed (common name)	Bayer Code	Page Number(s)
foxtail, giant	SETFA	41, 48, 59, 69, 73, 80, 89
foxtail, yellow	SETPU	73
grasses, annual	GGGGG	2, 8, 12, 17, 23, 30, 33, 37, 43, 93, 97, 101
lambsquarters, common	CHEAL	2, 6, 12, 19, 23, 28, 33, 37, 40, 43, 47, 56, 64, 67, 72, 77, 86, 93, 97, 105
nightshade, eastern black	SOLPT	56, 67, 77
pigweed, redroot	AMARE	6, 17, 28, 40, 43, 47, 72, 93, 97
purslane, common	POROL	101
ragweed, common	AMBEL	40, 47, 57, 72, 79, 88
ragweed, giant	AMBTR	3, 7, 13, 18, 23, 29, 34, 38, 44, 53, 83, 94, 98
velvetleaf	ABUTH	6, 24, 28, 33, 37, 40, 47, 58, 68, 72, 78, 87
waterhemp, common	AMATA	63, 105

Index of Adjuvants

Adjuvant Brand	Adjuvant Type	Page Number(s)
Agri-Dex	crop oil concentrate	16, 96
Amsol	ammonium sulfate (liquid)	5, 11, 43, 76, 85
Bronc	ammonium sulfate (liquid)	46
ChemSurf 90	nonionic surfactant	17
Class Act Ridion	water conditioner (non-AMS)	82, 85
Destiny HC	high surfactant methylated seed oil	5
FS COC Supreme	high load crop oil concentrate	52
Induce	nonionic surfactant	5, 11, 22, 27, 40, 43, 52, 66, 92, 96
Intact	drift reduction and deposition aid	11, 76, 82, 85
Premium MSO	methylated seed oil	27, 43, 85
S-Sul	ammonium sulfate (dry)	16, 22, 27, 36, 40, 52, 55, 62, 66, 71, 96

Index of Herbicides Evaluated

Herbicide	Active Ingredient(s)	Page Number(s)
AAtrex	atrazine	2, 5, 11, 16, 22, 27, 33, 36, 43
Abundit Edge	glyphosate (potassium salt)	76
Acuron	bicyclopyrone+mesotrione+atrazine+S-metolachlor	2, 11, 16, 27, 33
Acuron Flexi	bicyclopyrone + mesotrione + S-metolachlor	17, 40, 52
Afforia	thifensulfuron + tribenuron + flumioxazin	76, 103
Anthem Maxx	pyroxasulfone + fluthiacet	16, 22, 55, 62, 71
Armezon	topramezone	22
Armezon PRO	topramezone + dimethenamid	11, 22
Authority Assist	sulfentrazone + imazethapyr	55, 103
Authority Elite	sulfentrazone + S-metolachlor	55, 66
Authority First	sulfentrazone + cloransulam	55, 62, 71, 85
Authority MTZ	sulfentrazone + metribuzin	55, 103
Authority Supreme	sulfentrazone + pyroxasulfone	55, 66, 103
Balance Bean	isoxaflutole	71
Balance Flexx	isoxaflutole	11, 16, 27, 36
Bicep II Magnum	S-metolachlor + atrazine	11
Boundary	S-metolachlor + metribuzin	55, 62, 66, 71, 85, 103
Broadaxe XC	S-metolachlor + sulfentrazone	85, 103
Callisto Xtra	mesotrione + atrazine	27
Callisto	mesotrione	16, 22, 40
Canopy DF	chlorimuron + metribuzin	103
Capreno	tembotrione + thiencarbazone	5, 22, 27, 36
Clarity	dicamba (DGA salt)	40, 46, 52
Classic	chlorimuron-ethyl	99, 103
Corvus	isoxaflutole + thiencarbazone	11, 16, 22, 27, 33, 36, 40
Degree Xtra	acetochlor + atrazine	11
Diflexx	dicamba (DGA salt)	5, 11, 52
Diflexx Duo	dicamba + tembotrione	22, 27, 36, 52
Dual II Magnum	S-metolachlor	92, 99, 103
Durango DMA	glyphosate (DMA salt)	11, 36, 46, 76
Engenia	dicamba (BAPMA salt)	85, 92, 96
Engenia PRO	dicamba + pyroxasulfone	92, 96
Enlist Duo	2,4-D (choline salt) + glyphosate (DMA salt)	46
Enlite	chlorimuron + thifensulfuron + flumioxazin	76, 103
EverpreX	S-metolachlor	76
FeXapan	dicamba (DGA salt) with VaporGrip® Technology	76
Fierce	flumioxazin + pyroxasulfone	55, 66, 103
Fierce MTZ	flumioxazin + pyroxasulfone + metribuzin	66, 103
Fierce XLT	flumioxazin + pyroxasulfone + chlorimuron	103
FirstRate	cloransulam-methyl	99, 103

Herbicide	Active Ingredient(s)	Page Number(s)
Flexstar	fomesafen	76
Flexstar GT	fomesafen + glyphosate	85, 96
Halex GT	S-metolachlor + mesotrione + glyphosate	5, 11, 16, 22, 27, 40, 43, 52
Harness	acetochlor	43
Harness Max	acetochlor + mesotrione	2, 5, 11, 27, 33, 36, 40, 52
Harness Xtra	acetochlor + atrazine	2, 5, 11
Harness Xtra 5.6L	acetochlor + atrazine	11
Impact	topramezone	43
ImpactZ	topramezone + atrazine	43
Keystone NXT	acetochlor + atrazine	11
Lexar EZ	mesotrione + S-metolachlor + atrazine	11
Liberty 280	glufosinate	22, 33, 36, 43, 66
Lumax	mesotrione + S-metolachlor + atrazine	33
Outlook	dimethenamid-P	62, 71, 96, 99, 103
Prefix	S-metolachlor + fomesafen	62, 85, 103
Princep 4L	simazine	40
Pursuit	imazethapyr	97, 99, 103
Realm Q	rimsulfuron + mesotrione	46, 52
Resicore	clopyralid + acetochlor + mesotrione	2, 5, 11, 16, 22, 33, 40, 46
Roundup		5, 11, 16, 22, 27, 36, 40, 43,
PowerMax	glyphosate (potassium salt)	52, 55, 62, 71, 82, 85, 92, 96
Select Max	clethodim	66
Sharpen	saflufenacil	99, 103
Solstice	fluthiacet-methyl	16
Sonic	sulfentrazone + cloransulam	71, 76, 103
Spartan	sulfentrazone	99, 103
Status	diflufenzopyr + dicamba (sodium salt)	5, 11, 16, 22
Surestart II	acetochlor + clopyralid + flumetsulam	11, 46, 52
Surveil	flumioxazin + cloransulam	76, 103
Tavium	dicamba (DGA salt) w/VaporGrip® + S-metolachlor	85
Tricor DF	metribuzin	55, 62, 71, 92, 99, 103
Tripleflex II	acetochlor + clopyralid + flumetsulam	11, 27
Trivence	chlorimuron + flumioxazin + metribuzin	103
Valor SX	flumioxazin	71, 82, 99, 103
Valor XLT	flumioxazin + chlorimuron	85, 103
Verdict	saflufenacil + dimethenamid	16, 36, 103
Warrant	acetochlor	62, 82, 92, 99, 103
Xtendimax	dicamba (DGA salt) with VaporGrip® Technology	82, 85, 92
Zidua	pyroxasulfone	71, 99, 103
Zidua PRO	pryoxasulfone + saflufenacil + imazethapyr	55, 62, 66, 85, 96, 103
Zidua SC	pyroxasulfone	92, 97

Index of Trial Sponsors

Company	Trial Number (s)*
AMVAC	CN12
BASF	SB16, SB17
Bayer Crop Science	CN06, CN07, CN08, CN09, CN10, SB09, SB10
Corteva Agriscience	CN13, SB11, SB12
FMC	CN04, SB06, SB07
Monsanto	CN01, CN02, CN03, SB01, SB02, SB03, SB04, SB05, BG01
Sipcam Agro	CN05
Syngenta	CN07, CN11, SB14, SB15
Valent	SB08
WiscWeeds	CN14, CN15, SB13, SB18, SB19, WC02

^{*}Not all trials listed were presented in this research report.